

THERMODYNAMICS: COMPRESSIBILITY

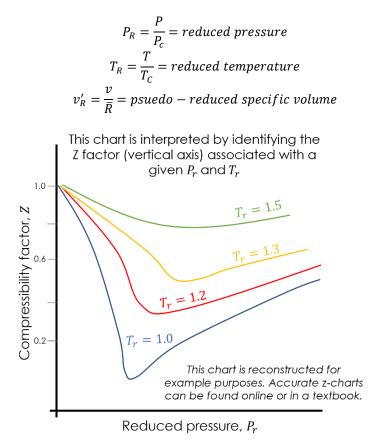
Compressibility:

Ideal gasses follow the formula PV = mRT, but real gasses fall on a spectrum of compressibility, denoted by z. This is a ratio of the actual volume of a gas to the volume that is predicted by an ideal gas version at a given temperature and pressure.

Z may be greater than or less than 1. A value of 1 indicates an ideal gas.

$$z = \frac{Pv}{RT} = \frac{PV}{rmT}$$

Subscript R indicates "reduced", and subscript C indicates "critical". These are used to create a general graph that can be applied to any gas, rather than graphs specifically for each type of gas.



Once the compressibility factor is known, the modified ideal gas equation can be used to continue solving a given problem:

$$Pv = zRT$$

For more information, visit a <u>tutor</u>. All appointments are available in-person at the Student Success Center, located in the Library, or online. Adapted from Moran, M. J., Shapiro, H. N., Boettner, D. D., & Bailey, M. B. (2014). Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.