

## Midterm #2

Full Name: ..... Signature.....

Note: You need to give **Justification** to all your **Answers** in order to have full **CREDIT**.**Exercise 1.** (40 points)*Is the following statements True or False? Justify your answers .*

1.  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \setminus \{[0]\}$  is a group with respect to  $\odot$
2.  $(S_7, o)$  is commutative.
3. If  $(ab, c) = 1$  then  $(a, c) = 1$  and  $(b, c) = 1$ .
4. If  $c/ab$  and  $(a, c) = d$  then  $c/bd$ .
5. The number of positive divisors of  $2^r 3^s$  equals the number of positive divisors of  $5^s 7^r$ .
6. If  $(G, \cdot)$  is a group and  $\exists a, b \in G$  such that  $ab = ba$  then  $G$  is commutative.
7. Let  $a, b$  be two elements of a group  $G$ . Then  $ab = ba$  iff  $(ab)^2 = a^2 b^2$ .
8.  $\mathbb{Z}_5 \times \mathbb{Z}_{11}$  is a cyclic group.
9. In  $S_3$ ,  $[S_3; H] = 2$  if  $H = \{(1), (12)\}$
10. If  $G$  is a group and  $|G| = p$  with  $p$  prime, then  $G$  has  $p + 1$  subgroups.

**Exercise 2.** (30 points) Let  $\Phi : G \longrightarrow H$  be a group Homomorphism

1. Let  $K$  be a subgroup of  $H$ . Prove that  $\Phi^{-1}(K) = \{g \in G; \Phi(g) \in K\}$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .

2. Let  $A$  be a subgroup of  $G$ . Prove that  $\Phi(A)$  is a subgroup of  $H$

3. Let  $\Phi_a : \mathbb{Z} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}_8$  be defined by  $\Phi_a(k) = [ak]_8$ .  $\Phi_a$  is a group homomorphism for each positive integer  $a$ .

(a)  $K = \{[0], [2], [4], [6]\}$  is a subgroup of  $\mathbb{Z}_8$ , find  $\Phi_2^{-1}(K)$

(b)  $A = 3\mathbb{Z}$  is a subgroup of  $\mathbb{Z}$ , find  $\Phi_2(A)$

**Exercise 3.** (20 points)

1. Let  $H$  be a subgroup of a group  $G$  such that  $|H| = 8$ ,  $[G : H] > 3$  and  $|G| < 41$ .  
What are the possibilities for  $|G|$ ?

2. Prove that if  $G$  is a group of order  $p^2$  with  $p$  prime and  $G$  not cyclic, then  $a^p = e$  for each  $a \in G$ .

**Exercise 4.** ( 20 points)

Let  $G$  be a group and  $A$  be a nonempty subset of  $G$ . The Centralizer of  $A$  in  $G$  is the set  $C_G(A) = \{g \in G \mid gag^{-1} = a, \quad \forall a \in A\}$ . This is the set of elements of  $G$  which commute with every element of  $A$ .

1. Show that  $C_G(A)$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .

2. (a) Find the center of  $G$  defined by  $Z(G) = C_G(G)$  if  $G$  is Abelian.

(b) Find  $C_G(A)$  if  $A = \{(12), (1)\}$  and  $G = S_3$