Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement

Important Notice: The Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement provides additional information about the terms and conditions of loans you receive under the Federal Stafford Loan Master Promissory Note (MPN). Please keep a copy of this statement because it applies to present and subsequent loans received under the MPN. You may contact your lender at any time for another copy of this statement.

The Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) includes the following loans:

- Subsidized Federal Stafford Loan (formerly known as Guaranteed Student Loan [GSL]),
- Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan,
- Federal Insured Student Loan (FISL),
- Federal Supplemental Loans for Students (SLS), also known as ALAS,
- Federal PLUS (parent) Loan,
- Federal Consolidation Loan.

The FFELP is authorized by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

1. Governing Law – Loans disbursed under this Master Promissory Note (MPN) are subject to the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.), and applicable U. S. Department of Education regulations (collectively referred to as the "Act"). NOTE: Any change to the Act applies to the terms of any loans made on or after the effective date of the change.

2. Use of this MPN – I may receive more than one loan under this MPN over a period of up to ten years. Whether I may receive loans under this MPN for only one academic period, or for multiple academic periods, depends on the school I am attending. I may receive loans under this MPN from the original lender, or a lender who assumes the right to offer loans under this MPN, even if I change my school (provided the school is authorized to certify subsequent loans under this MPN) and even if the guaranty agency changes. I must sign a new MPN if I wish to receive loans from a lender other than my original lender, or a lender who assumes the right to offer me loans under this MPN.

3. Subsidized and Unsubsidized Loans – There are two types of Federal Stafford Loans that I may be eligible for under this MPN: subsidized and unsubsidized. The subsidized Federal Stafford Loan is based on need. If I qualify, the government pays the lender the interest due on my subsidized loans while I am in school and during grace and deferment periods ("lender" refers to the original lender and its successors, including any subsequent holder of this MPN). I am otherwise responsible for interest that accrues on my subsidized loan. The unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan is not based on need. I am responsible for all interest that accrues on my unsubsidized loans.

4. Maximum Program Loan Amounts – Under the Federal Stafford Loan Program (including both subsidized and unsubsidized loans), I may borrow amounts under this MPN up to and including the dollar amounts shown in the chart on this page (Federal Stafford Loan Maximums).

I am subject to the limits on these loan amounts on the basis of the following:

Federal Stafford Loan Maximums ¹					
DEDENDENT		Telel			
DEPENDENT UNDERGRADUATES ²	Subsidized	Total (Subsidized & Unsubsidized) ³			
First Year	\$2,625	\$2,625			
Second Year	\$3,500	\$3,500			
Third Year and Beyond	\$5,500	\$5,500			
INDEPENDENT UNDERGRADUATES	ψ0,000	ψ0,000			
(and dependents whose parents are					
unable to borrow under the PLUS program)					
First Year	\$2,625	\$6,625			
Second Year	\$3,500	\$7,500			
Third Year and Beyond	\$5,500	\$10,500			
GRADUATE AND	\$8,500	\$18,500			
PROFESSIONAL STUDENTS					
	AGGREGATE LIMITS ³				
DEPENDENT UNDERGRADUATES	\$23,000	\$23,000			
INDEPENDENT UNDERGRADUATES (and dependents whose parents are unable to borrow under the PLUS program)	\$23,000	\$46,000			
GRADUATE AND PROFESSIONAL STUDENTS	\$65,500	\$138,500			

1 Certain health professions students may qualify for higher limits.

2 All undergraduate annual loan limits are subject to proration.

3 If the borrower does not have financial need for a subsidized Federal Stafford Loan using expected family contribution (EFC), or has reached the aggregate limit in subsidized Federal Stafford Loans, the borrower may receive up to and including this entire amount in unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans assuming he or she has remaining eligibility for the loan.

- My academic level (freshman, sophomore, etc.),
- My status as a dependent student or independent student,
- The length of the academic program in which I am enrolled.
- The length of the remainder of my undergraduate program of study if it is less than one academic year, and
- As otherwise authorized by the Act.

5. Maximum Individual Loan Limits – For each academic period, my school determines the maximum loan amount I am eligible to receive by considering the factors in Section 4 above and other factors such as my Cost of Attendance, Expected Family Contribution, and other financial aid awarded to me. If my school awards both subsidized Federal Stafford Loans and unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans, it is required to determine my eligibility for a subsidized Federal Stafford Loan before determining my eligibility for an unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan.

If I have received student loans from more than one lender or from other federal student loan programs, I am responsible for informing my school and my lender of my other student loans. In some cases, I may not be eligible for loans for which I have applied.

6. Use of Loan Money – I must use the loan money for authorized educational expenses for attendance at the school that certified my eligibility

for the time period shown on my disclosure statement. Authorized expenses include the following:

- Tuition,
- Room,
- Board,
- Institutional fees,
- Books,
- Supplies,
- Equipment,
- Dependent child care,
- Transportation,
- Commuting expenses,
- Rental or purchase of a personal computer,
- Origination fee and guarantee fee, and/or
- Other documented, authorized costs.

7. Loan Fees – I may be charged an origination fee and/or a guarantee fee for each loan made under this MPN. Neither fee may exceed the rate as specified in the Act. The amount of these fees will be deducted proportionately from each disbursement.

8. Disbursement of Loan Money – Generally, my loan money will be disbursed to my school in multiple installments based on the academic terms at my school. If my school does not have academic terms, my loan money will generally be disbursed in at least two installments, one at the beginning and one at the midpoint of my enrollment period for the applicable loans. If I am enrolled in a foreign school, or in a study abroad program through a school in the U.S. (home institution), the disbursement requirements stated above do not apply and:

- The loan money may be sent in one installment directly to me, or
- I may provide my foreign school or home institution, as applicable, a written authorization designating an individual not affiliated with the foreign school or home institution as my power-of-attorney to negotiate any loan disbursements on my behalf.

Loan money may be credited to my account at my school or disbursed by a check or other means made payable to me.

If this is my first student loan under either the Direct Loan Program or the FFELP, I must receive entrance counseling before the first disbursement of my subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan can be made.

9. Change of Status – I must notify my school and/or lender of certain changes.

I must notify my school's financial aid office if any of the following events take place:

- I reduce my enrollment status to less than half time,
- I withdraw from school,
- I stop attending classes,
- I fail to re-enroll for any term,
- I have a change in my expected graduation date, and/or
- I change my name, local address, permanent address, or e-mail address.

Shortly before my enrollment ends, I must participate in exit counseling with my school, during which I will update my loan records about my:

- Permanent address,
- E-mail address,
- Telephone number,
- Future employer, and
- References.

I must notify the lender of a particular loan if I fail to enroll with respect to such loan:

At least half time for the loan period certified, or
At the school that certified my eligibility.

I must promptly notify my lender(s) if any of the following events occur before loans held by my lender(s) are repaid:

- I change my address, telephone number, or e-mail address
- I change my name (for example, maiden name to married name),
- I withdraw from school or begin attending less than half time,
- I transfer from one school to another school,
- I change my employer or my employer's address or telephone number changes, and/or
- I have any other change in status that would affect my

loan (for example, the loss of eligibility for an unemployment deferment by obtaining a job).

10. Effect of Loans on Other Student Aid – Federal law requires that before receiving a Federal Stafford Loan, my school must receive a determination of my Pell Grant eligibility. Also, because an unsubsidized loan is more expensive to borrow than a subsidized loan, my school must determine my subsidized loan eligibility before I am offered an unsubsidized loan.

11. Grace Period – I will receive a 6-month grace period before the first payment of my Federal Stafford Loan must be made. The grace period begins the day after I cease to be enrolled at least half time at an eligible school.

My grace period does not include any period up to 3 years during which I am called or ordered to active duty for more than 30 days from a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States, including the period necessary for me to resume enrollment at the next available regular enrollment period.

12. Repayment – All of my loans made under this MPN must be repaid.

The repayment period for my loans begins the day after my 6-month grace period ends. My lender will notify me of the date my first payment is due.

I must make payments on my loans even if I do not receive a bill or repayment notice. Billing information is sent to me as a convenience, and I am obligated to make payments even if I do not receive any notice. My minimum annual payment required on all my FFELP loans will not, unless the lender otherwise agrees, be less than \$600, except as provided in a graduated or incomesensitive repayment plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, my minimum annual payment will never be less than the amount of interest due and payable.

My repayment period for each loan lasts at least 5 years but may not exceed 10 years (except under an extended repayment plan) from the day after the grace period ends.

I will be given the opportunity to choose one of the following repayment plans (for the following repayment plans, the time limits shown do not include periods of deferment and forbearance):

- Standard Repayment Plan Under this plan, I will make fixed monthly payments and repay my loan in full within 10 years (not including periods of deferment or forbearance) from the date the loan entered repayment. Payments must be at least \$50 a month and will be more, if necessary, to repay the loan within the required time period.
- Graduated Repayment Plan Under this plan, I will usually make lower monthly payments at first, and my payments will increase over time. No single payment will be more than three times greater than any other payment.
- Extended Repayment Plan Under this plan, I will make monthly payments based on fixed annual or graduated repayment amounts over a period not to exceed 25 years. Payments must be at least \$50 a

month and will be more, if necessary, to repay the loan within the required time period. I am only eligible for this plan if (i) at the time I obtain a loan under this MPN I have no outstanding balance on a FFELP loan made before October 7, 1998, and (ii) I accumulate outstanding FFELP Program loans exceeding \$30,000.

Income-Sensitive Repayment Plan – If I choose this plan, my monthly payments will be adjusted annually, based on my expected total monthly gross income from all sources. I may call my lender at any time for more information about this repayment plan option.

Under each plan, the number or amount of the payments may need to be adjusted to reflect annual changes in the variable interest rate.

These repayment plans will be explained in more detail during my exit counseling session. If I do not choose an income-sensitive, graduated, or extended repayment plan within 45 days after notification of my repayment choices, or if I choose an income-sensitive repayment plan but do not provide the required documentation within the lender-specified time frame, my lender will require that I repay the loan under a standard repayment plan. I may change the repayment plan on my loan(s) once a year.

There will be no penalty for prepaying any portion of my loans.

All payments and prepayments may be applied in the following order: late charges, fees, and collection costs first, outstanding interest second, and outstanding principal last.

If I fail to make any part of an installment payment within 15 days after it becomes due, I may owe a late charge. This charge may not exceed six cents for each dollar of each late installment.

13. Interest Rates – The interest rate on a Federal Subsidized Stafford Loan and a Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loan is a variable rate that is based on a formula established in the Act. The interest rate may be adjusted each year on July 1. As a result, my interest rate may change annually, but it will never exceed 8.25 percent. After reviewing the actual interest rate, I may cancel or reduce any loan obtained under this MPN in accordance with the "Loan Cancellation" section that follows.

14. Payment of Interest – My lender will, during the in-school, grace, and deferment periods and during any period in which I am on active-duty military service, defer and align principal payments on my outstanding FFELP loans. Interest that accrues on all my subsidized FFELP loans during authorized forbearance periods, and on all my unsubsidized FFELP loans during periods when I am not making regularly scheduled payments may, unless precluded by the Act, be capitalized (added to the principal of my loans) — unless I pay the interest as it accrues.

Except for interest charges the federal government pays on my behalf for subsidized Federal Stafford

Loans (while I am in school at least half time, for up to 3 years during active duty service in the Armed Forces as described in the Grace Period section above, during the grace period after I leave school, or during any period of authorized deferment), it is my responsibility to pay interest on the principal amount of my loans from the date of disbursement until the loans are paid in full. For all other periods and for unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans, it is my responsibility to pay interest on my loans.

If I inform my lender that I wish to pay interest as it accrues, but I do not submit the payments, my lender may capitalize that interest.

Capitalized interest increases the principal balance of my loans and the total amount of interest charges I must pay. Interest will be capitalized on my loans as provided under the Act. Generally, capitalization may occur no more frequently than quarterly. However interest that accrues on my unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans during in-school, grace or deferment periods may only be capitalized at the end of such periods. In addition, interest may not be capitalized if my lender grants an administrative forbearance for up to 60 days in order to collect and process documentation supporting my request for a deferment, forbearance, change in repayment plan, or consolidation. (See the chart entitled, "Capitalization of Federal Stafford Loan Interest," for further information on capitalization.)

The charts entitled Repaying Your Loans allow me to estimate the cost of capitalization and estimate the effect of capitalization on my monthly payments. If necessary, I must add two or more estimates of my payments together to approximate more closely the total monthly payment.

I may be able to claim a federal income tax deduction for interest payments I make on my FFELP loans. For further information, I may refer to the IRS Publication 970, which is available at http://www.irs.ustreas.gov. **15. Loan Cancellation** – I understand that the terms of a full or partial loan cancellation depend on when I request the cancellation.

At any time before my loan money is disbursed, I may decline all or part of my loan money by notifying my school or lender. No origination fee, guarantee fee or interest will be charged on the amount of the loan that is cancelled.

- If my school credits my loan to my student account, I may cancel all or a part of my loan by informing my school within 14 days after the date my school sends me a disbursement notice, or by the first day of the school's payment period, whichever is later. (My school can tell me the first day of the payment period.) If I cancel all or a portion of my loan as described in this paragraph, my school will return to my lender the cancelled amount of the loan money and the loan fees will be reduced or eliminated in proportion to the amount returned.
- At any time within 120 days of disbursement, I may pay back all or a part of my loan. The loan fees will be reduced or eliminated in proportion to the amount returned.

16. Sale or Transfer of Loans – The lender may sell or otherwise transfer one or all of my loans without my consent. Should ownership of a loan be transferred, I will be notified of the name, address, and telephone number of the new lender if the address to which I make my payments changes. Sale or transfer of my loans does not affect my rights and responsibilities under such loans. If the lender sells my loans to another originating lender, the lender may also transfer the right to offer subsequent loans under the MPN to such purchaser. I always have the right to terminate a lender's ability to make loans to me under this MPN by written notice to the lender.

17. Loan Discharge – My loans will be discharged if documentation of my death is submitted to my lender. My loan(s) may also be discharged if a physician certifies that I am totally and permanently disabled as

defined by the Act. In addition, I must meet certain income requirements and may not receive any additional FFELP, Direct, or Federal Perkins Loans during a 3-year conditional discharge period. I may not receive a discharge due to total and permanent disability based on a condition that existed before I applied for that loan, unless a physician certifies that the condition substantially deteriorated after the loan was made.

My loan will not automatically be discharged in bankruptcy. In order to discharge a loan in bankruptcy, I must prove undue hardship in an adversary proceeding before the bankruptcy court.

In certain cases, the Act provides for loan discharge for borrowers who are unable to complete a course of study because the institution closes, or borrowers whose loan eligibility was falsely certified by the institution. The Act also provides for loan discharge in the amount of any required refund that my school failed to make to my lender on my behalf.

Neither the lender, the guarantor, nor the Department of Education vouch for the quality or suitability of the academic programs offered by participating schools. Unless I qualify for Ioan discharge under the Act, I must repay the Ioans even if I do not complete my education, I am unable to obtain employment in my field of study, or I am dissatisfied with, or do not receive, the education I paid for with the Ioans.

For additional information, I should contact my lender or guarantor.

18. Consequences of Default – Default is defined in detail in my MPN. If I default, the entire unpaid balance and any accrued collection fees on the applicable loans will become immediately due and payable. Failure to repay loans made under this MPN may result in any or all of the following:

- Loss of federal and state income tax refunds,
- Loss of other federal or state payments,
- Legal action against me,

Capitalization of Federal Stafford Loan Interest

What Is Capitalization?

Capitalization is a process whereby a lender adds unpaid interest to the principal balance of a loan. You are responsible for paying the interest due on your loan as described in Item 3 of this Rights and Responsibilities Statement.

If you fail to make required interest payments before the beginning or resumption of principal repayment, or if you are granted a deferment (on an unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan) or forbearance, your lender may capitalize such interest as provided under the Act. The principal balance of your loan will increase each time your lender capitalizes unpaid interest. As a result, you will pay more interest charges over the life of the loan. When you leave school and begin repaying your loan, your monthly payment amount will be higher or, if your loan is subject to the \$50 minimum payment, you will make more payments. This chart compares the monthly payments on unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans where interest is paid while the borrower is in school and loans where the interest is capitalized. This example uses the maximum interest rate for Federal Stafford Loans, 8.25%. This is an estimate only. The actual interest capitalized will depend on factors such as disbursement date, number of disbursements, and the variable interest rate.

Treatment of Interest	Loan Amount	Capitalized Interest for 12 months	Principal to be Repaid	Monthly Payment	Number of Payments	Total Amount Repaid
When you pay the interest	\$15,000	\$ 0	\$15,000	\$184	120	\$23,315*
When you don't pay the interest	\$15,000	\$1,238	\$16,238	\$199	120	\$23,900

*Total amount repaid includes \$1,238 of interest paid by the borrower before the borrower entered repayment.

Result: During repayment, you pay \$15 less per month and \$585 less over the lifetime of your loan(s) when you pay the interest as it is charged.

Contact your lender if you have questions or need more information.

- Collection charges (including attorney fees) being assessed against me,
- Loss of my professional license,
- An increase in my interest rate,
- Loss of eligibility for other student aid and assistance under most federal benefit programs,
- Loss of eligibility for loan deferments,
- Negative credit reports to credit bureaus, and/or
- My employer withholding part of my wages to give them to my guarantor (administrative wage garnishment).

19. Credit Bureau Notification – Information concerning the amount, disbursement, and repayment status (current or delinguent) of loans will be reported to one or more national credit bureau organizations on a regular basis. If I default on any loans made under this MPN, that default also will be reported to all national credit bureaus. Before any guaranty agency reports such a default, I will be given at least 30 days notice that default information will be disclosed to the credit bureaus unless I enter into repayment arrangements within 30 days of the date on the notice. The guarantor will give me a chance to ask for a review of the debt(s) before the default is reported. My lender and guarantor must provide a timely response to a request from any credit organization regarding objections I might raise with that organization about the accuracy and completeness of information reported by the lender or guarantor.

20. Special Repayment Arrangements -

A Federal Consolidation Loan Program is available under which I (or my spouse and I jointly) may consolidate (combine) into one debt federal education loans received from different lenders and/ or under different education loan programs. Depending on the amount I borrow, this program may result in an extension of my repayment period. Consolidation permits multiple debts to be combined into one monthly payment. For additional

information, I should contact my lender or guarantor.

- Under certain circumstances, military personnel may have their educational loans repaid by the Secretary of Defense. Questions should be addressed to the local service recruiter. This is a recruiting program and does not pertain to prior service individuals or those not eligible for enlistment in the Armed Forces.
- In addition, volunteers who complete service in an approved national or community service project can earn an educational award. The award can be used to repay a Federal Stafford Loan. If I receive an educational award, I am responsible for providing my lender with information and documentation regarding my term of service and the award.
- If I have no outstanding loan balance on a FFEL or Direct Loan Program loan on October 1, 1998, or if I have no outstanding loan balance on the date I obtain a loan after October 1, 1998, I may be eligible for teacher loan forgiveness. The Department of Education will repay a fixed amount of my subsidized and unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans if I have worked as a full-time teacher for five consecutive

school years, and if I meet all other eligibility requirements under the Act. If I am in default on a FFELP loan or a Direct loan, I am not eligible for forgiveness on that loan(s) unless I have made satisfactory repayment arrangements.

If I am a full-time child care provider and I had no outstanding balance on a FFELP loan or a Direct Ioan on October 7, 1998, or I had no outstanding balance on a FFELP loan on the date I obtained a loan after October 7, 1998, I may qualify for loan forgiveness under a demonstration program set forth in the Act. I understand that I must meet other eligibility requirements under the Act and that this program requires annual federal funding.

21. Deferments – Under certain circumstances, I have a right to defer (postpone) repayment. The types of deferments that are available to me depend on when I first obtained a FFELP loan. Upon request, my lender will provide me with a deferment application that explains the eligibility requirements. If I am in default on my loan(s), I am not eligible for a deferment.

If all of my outstanding FFELP loans were made on or after July 1, 1993, and when my first FFELP loan was made on or after July 1, 1993, I had no outstanding FFELP loans that were made before July 1, 1993, a deferment is available to me while I am:

- Enrolled at least half time at an eligible school,
- Engaged in a full-time course of study in a graduate fellowship program,
- Engaged in a full-time rehabilitation training program for individuals with disabilities (if the program is approved by the Department of Education),
- Conscientiously seeking, but unable to find, full-time employment (for up to three years),
- Experiencing an economic hardship as determined by federal law (for up to three years).

My lender will process an in-school deferment based on (i) my request along with documentation verifying my eligibility, or (ii) the lender's receipt of a school certification of eligibility in connection with a new loan, or (iii) the lender's receipt of student status information indicating that I am enrolled on at least a half-time basis.

In all other cases, I must provide my lender with a deferment request and evidence that verifies my eligibility.

If at the time I obtain a loan under this MPN I have an outstanding FFELP loan disbursed before July 1, 1993, information on applicable deferment opportunities will be found in my earlier promissory note materials.

22. Forbearance – If I am unable to make my scheduled loan payments, the lender may allow me to reduce my payment amount, to extend the time for making payments, or to temporarily stop making payments as long as I intend to repay my loan. Allowing me to temporarily delay or reduce loan payments is called a forbearance. Interest charges continue to accrue during a forbearance period. The lender may grant me a forbearance in the following circumstances:

- Financial hardship, and/or
- Illness.

My lender is generally not required to grant a forbearance and may require me to provide my reasons for the request and other information. The lender may grant me a forbearance to eliminate a delinquency that persists even though I am making scheduled installment payments. My lender may grant me an administrative forbearance for up to 60 days in order to collect and process documentation supporting my request for a deferment, forbearance, change in repayment plan, or consolidation.

Circumstances that require my lender to grant me a forbearance include:

- Serving in a medical or dental internship or residency program, if I meet certain criteria.
- Serving in a national service position for which I receive a national service education award under the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993. In some cases, the interest that accrues on a qualified loan during the service period will be paid by the Corporation for National and Community Service.
- Qualifying for partial repayment of my loans under the Student Loan Repayment Program, as administered by the Department of Defense.
- Qualifying for loan forgiveness under the Teacher Loan Forgiveness Program, if I meet certain criteria (for up to five years).
- Qualifying for loan forgiveness under the Child Care Provider Loan Forgiveness Program (for up to five years).
- Having a monthly debt burden for Title IV loans that collectively equals or exceeds 20% of my total monthly gross income (for up to three years).

Upon request, my lender will provide me with forbearance information and a forbearance request form.

Repayment information follows

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