**NURSING STUDY TIPS**

1. **Use "Found Time"**

To find more study time, use small blocks of time throughout the day that would otherwise be wasted. For example, keep your study guide with you so you can pull it out a go over a few points while waiting at the doctor's office, in the grocery line, or anytime you find yourself just sitting.

1. **Make your own study guides**

Use the notes from the PowerPoints to create a study guide. Copy and
paste them into Word to create an outline into which you can take notes.
Make it your own by adding in your own ways of remembering topics,
such as mnemonics or funny associations. Use highlighting to emphasize
important points.

1. **Lots of Practice Questions**

Do as many practice questions every day as you can. The more
questions you answer, the more your brain must synthesize and apply the information, so it becomes much more cemented. Practice questions are
available on Evolve through the class textbook, case studies, and Evolve
Adaptive Quizzing (EAQ).

1. **Use EAQ to its full potential**

Go to Custom Quiz and select question areas in which you need practice. Don't be discouraged if the questions are hard or you don't get many right. See it as an opportunity to learn as you review the question rationales.

1. **Use a Calendar**

To stay organized and not feel overwhelmed by assignments and deadlines, a calendar is essential. At the beginning of the semester, put every test date and assignment from the syllabus into your calendar. Weekly, look ahead to plan time to study. You must be intentional about study time; it won't happen by accident.

1. **Smart Study Group Habits**

Studying in a group can be very helpful, but can also be a waste of time if not used correctly. Make sure you have studied individually and are prepared to
contribute to the group. Ask each other questions, giving each member the
chance to explain what they know.

1. **Efficient Textbook Use**

Don't plan to read all of the assigned readings. Instead skim the chapter,
paying attention to the section headings, tables, and graphics. Use multiple
methods to study, including reading silently and out loud, making flashcards,
and teaching someone else the information you just learned.