



Safe(r) Browsing

2916(L) PLOM21118

Safe(r) Browsing

Methods to Avoid Malware

<http://its.uah.edu>

Why is important for me to know about malware?

- In the past, a user had to take some specific action, like opening an email attachment, for their computer to become infected with malware
- “Drive-by downloads” – Now simply visiting a website can cause your computer to become infected

Not Just on Naughty Sites Anymore

- Symantec claims *every one* of the top 100 websites in the world have served up malicious code at some point
- Top sites get malware from:
 - Infected Advertisements from third parties – lack of inspection
 - Hacked web-servers where hackers introduce code to the legitimate website

The Basics

- Keep your browser up to date – don't forget plug-ins (Flash, Silverlight, etc.)
- Make sure your Antivirus is running and up-to-date
- Run a host-based firewall

The Not Quite Basics

- Increase security settings for your browser of choice
 - Default Settings are often inadequate
 - All major browsers (IE, Mozilla Firefox, Safari, Google Chrome) have additional security settings that are not set by default
 - Check their websites for configuration information

The Not Quite Basics

- “Sandboxed” Browsers – runs the browser in an isolated space which prevents them from making permanent changes to other programs and data in your computer
 - Google Chrome – runs in a sandbox
 - Sandboxie – works with other browsers

Things to watch for...

- Watch for URL (web address) that does not match the actual (look in lower left of browser while hovering over link)
displayed: <http://update.microsoft.com/microsoftupdate>
actual: <http://64.208.28.197/ldr.exe>
- Beware of link that executes a program (like *ldr.exe* above)
- Avoid numeric IP addresses in the URL
<http://168.234.153.90/include/index.html>
- Some even use hexadecimal notation for the IP:
<http://0xca.0x27.0x30.0xdd/www.irs.gov/>
- Watch for legitimate domain names embedded in an illegitimate one
<http://leogarciamusic.com/servicing.capitalone.com/c1/login.aspx>

Things to watch for...

- Beware of email supposedly from US companies with URLs that point to a non-US domain (Kyrgyzstan in example below)

From: Capital One bank <cservice@capitalone.com>

URL in msg body: <http://towernet.capitalonebank.com.mj.org.kg/onlineform/>

- IE8 highlights the actual domain name to help you identify the true source. Here's one from an IRS scam email that's actually hosted in Pakistan:



Things to watch for...

- Beware of domains from unexpected foreign countries
Kyrgyzstan:
<http://towernet.capitalonebank.com.mj.org.kg/onlineform/>
Pakistan: <http://static-host202-61-52-42.link.net.pk/IRS.gov/refunds.php>
Lithuania: <http://kateka.lt/~galaxy/card.exe>
Hungary: <http://mail.grosz.hu/walmart/survey/>
Romania: <http://www.hostinglinux.ro/>
Russia: <http://mpo3do.chat.ru/thanks.html>
- Country code definitions available at:
www.iana.org/domains/root/db/index.html

What to do if you're not sure...

- Analyze web links w/o clicking on them by copying the URL and testing them at this sites:
 - McAfee SiteAdvisor (enter URL on this web page – you don't have to install their software):
www.siteadvisor.com/
 - See “View a Site Report” on the right
 - ITS is considering adding SiteAdvisor through EPO

Be Careful with Shortened URLs

- Watch for malicious URLs cloaked by URL shortening services like:
 - TinyURL.com
 - Bit.ly
 - CloakedLink.com



Welcome to TinyURL!™

Are you sick of posting URLs in emails only to have it break when sent causing the recipient to have to cut and paste it back together? Then you've come to the right place. By entering in a URL in the text field below, we will create a tiny URL that **will not break in email postings** and **never expires**.

Enter a long URL to make tiny:

Custom alias (optional):

<http://tinyurl.com/>

May contain letters, numbers, and dashes.

An example

Turn this URL:

`http://rover.ebay.com/rover/1/711-53200-19255-0/1?type=3&campid=5336224516&toolid=10001&customid=tiny-hp&ext=unicycle&satitle=unicycle`

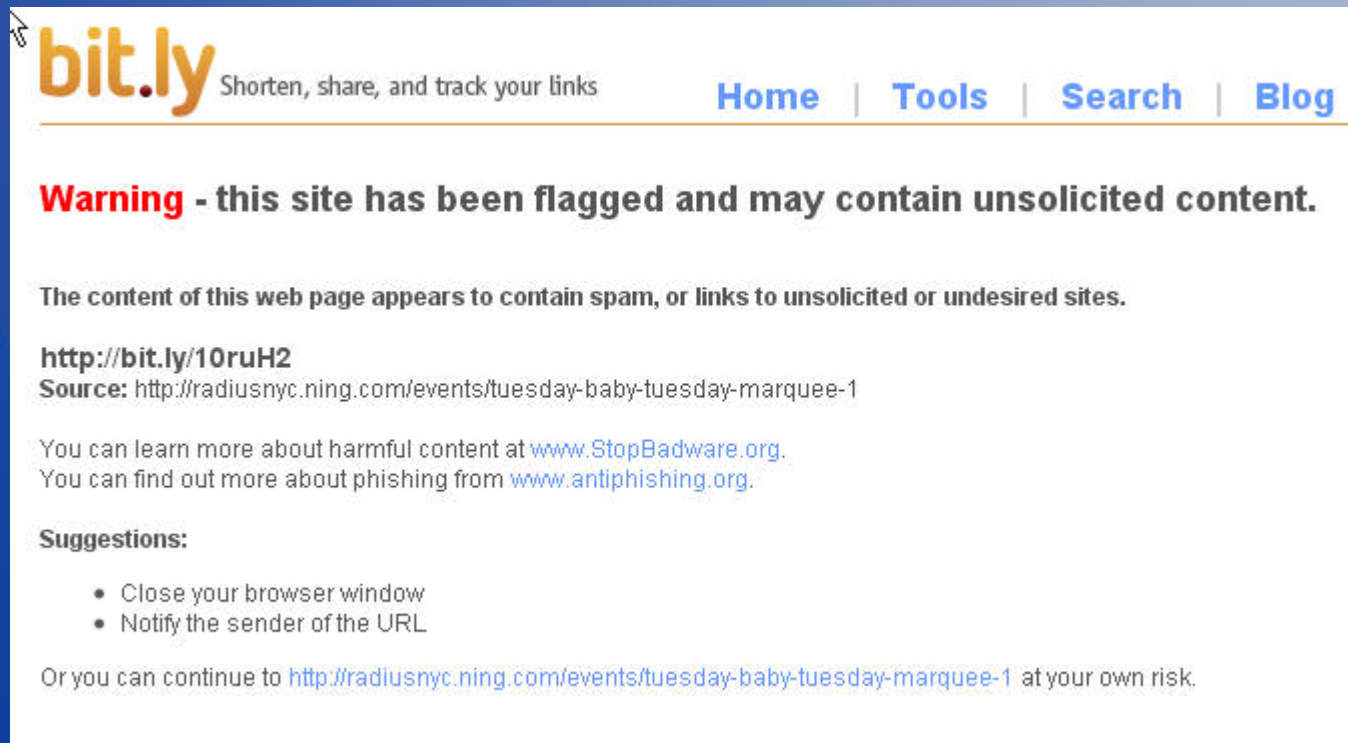
into this tinyURL:

<http://tinyurl.com/unicycles>

Be Careful with Shortened URLs (Cont.)

- TinyURL has a nice “preview” feature that allows you to see the real URL before going to the site. See tinyurl.com/preview.php to enable it in your browser (it sets a cookie)
- Bit.ly has a Firefox add-on to preview shortened links:
addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/10297
It also warns you if the site appears to be malicious:

Be Careful with Shortened URLs (Cont.)

A screenshot of a Bit.ly warning page. The page has a white background with a blue header. The Bit.ly logo is in orange and blue, followed by the tagline "Shorten, share, and track your links". Navigation links for "Home", "Tools", "Search", and "Blog" are in blue. A prominent red "Warning" message states that the site has been flagged for unsolicited content. Below this, a message explains that the content appears to contain spam. A specific shortened URL is shown, along with its source. Links to "StopBadware.org" and "antiphishing.org" are provided for more information. A "Suggestions" section lists two actions: closing the browser window and notifying the sender. Finally, a note allows the user to continue to the original URL at their own risk.

bit.ly Shorten, share, and track your links [Home](#) | [Tools](#) | [Search](#) | [Blog](#)

Warning - this site has been flagged and may contain unsolicited content.

The content of this web page appears to contain spam, or links to unsolicited or undesired sites.


http://bit.ly/10ruH2
Source: <http://radiusnyc.ning.com/events/tuesday-baby-tuesday-marquee-1>

You can learn more about harmful content at www.StopBadware.org.
You can find out more about phishing from www.antiphishing.org.

Suggestions:

- Close your browser window
- Notify the sender of the URL

Or you can continue to <http://radiusnyc.ning.com/events/tuesday-baby-tuesday-marquee-1> at your own risk.



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Questions?

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