# UAHuntsville

## THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE

# FINANCIAL REPORT 2011

### FINANCIAL REPORT 2010-2011



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#### The University of Alabama in Huntsville

A Space Grant College An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Institution



#### **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama:

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the accompanying statements of net assets and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and of cash flows which collectively comprise the financial statements of The University of Alabama in Huntsville (the "University"), a campus of The University of Alabama System, which is a component unit of the State of Alabama, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the University and its discretely presented component unit, at September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the respective changes in financial position of the University and its discretely presented component unit, and the cash flows of the University for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of University of Alabama Huntsville Foundation, the University's discretely presented component unit, as of September 30, 2011 and 2010 and for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for University of Alabama Huntsville Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, the cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the financial reporting entity of The University of Alabama System that is attributable to the transactions of the University. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The University of Alabama System as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the University United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 on pages 3 through 14 is not a required part of the basic financial statements as of and for the years then ended but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

January 23, 2012

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 1901 6th Ave. North, Suite 1600, Birmingham AL 35203

#### The University of Alabama in Huntsville

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section of The University of Alabama in Huntsville (the "University") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the University during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. This discussion has been prepared by University management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related footnotes. The financial statements, footnotes and this discussion are the responsibility of University management.

#### Introduction

The University is a public research university that offers 69 degree-granting programs that meet the highest standards of excellence, including 33 bachelor's degree programs, 21 master's degree programs, and 15 doctoral programs through its five colleges: Business Administration, Liberal Arts, Engineering, Nursing, and Science. The University is an autonomous campus within The University of Alabama System (the "System").

The University received \$83.1 million for externally funded projects during fiscal year 2011. Sponsors of research include federal and state agencies, academic institutions, industry and private foundations. Research is conducted within the five individual colleges and through the University's 14 independent research centers, laboratories and institutes. Major interdisciplinary research thrusts include: modeling and simulation; systems engineering; rotorcraft and aerospace engineering; propulsion; optics; space physics and astrophysics; earth and atmospheric system science; information technology; materials science; biotechnology; nanotechnology; humanities; and lean supply chain, acquisition, and logistics.



Located at the southern edge of the Appalachian Mountains, Huntsville is a national center of aerospace and high technology research and development. It is home to the National Aeronautical and Space Administration's Marshall Space Flight Center, the U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command, and the U.S. Army Space and Missile Defense Command. The University is strategically located in Cummings Research Park, the second largest university research park in the United States and home to numerous high technology and research companies.

#### **Financial and Enrollment Highlights**

• Total net assets increased \$5.7 million, primarily due to an increase in tuition and fees and a capital gift.

Equivalent Full-time Student Enrollment (FTE)								
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011			
Undergraduate	4477	4654	4906	4831	4767			
Graduate	773	773	784	811	888			
Total	5250	5427	5690	5642	5655			

FTE calculated using Alabama Commission on Higher Education formula; Undergraduate credit hour production ( chp)/15; graduate I chp/12; graduate II chp/9.

Historical Fall Headcount by Earned Hours								
	2007*	2008*	2009*	2010	2011			
Graduates	1513	1538	1562	1609	1694			
Seniors	1761	1560	1640	1817	1810			
Juniors	1116	1178	1339	1323	1371			
Sophomores	1087	1211	1257	1183	1127			
Freshmen	1612	1753	1638	1424	1377			
Others	175	191	245	258	250			
Total	7264	7431	7681	7614	7629			
* Due to system conversion, class level is calculated differently. Students formerly classified as "Others" are now included in class level based on hours earned. As of Fall 2005, "Others" are second bachelor's students only.								

• The total of full-time equivalent students increased 0.2% in 2011, compared to the 0.8% decrease in 2010. UAH also had a 0.2% increase in the total number of students attending in the fall semester in 2011, compared to the 0.9% decrease in 2010.

Degrees Conferred							
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Bachelor's	840	889	900	933	1028		
Master's	299	322	384	364	337		
Doctorate	30	37	32	38	41		
Certificate	21	31	29	25	35		
Total	1190	1279	1345	1360	1441		

• Approximately \$42.7 million in appropriations for operations were received from the State of Alabama for fiscal year 2011. In comparison to the prior year, appropriations decreased 0.9% or \$369,000.

#### **Statement of Net Assets**

The statement of net assets presents the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the University as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of the statement of net assets is to present a fiscal snapshot of the University to the readers of the financial statements. The statement of net assets presents end-of-year data concerning assets (current and noncurrent), liabilities (current and noncurrent), and net assets (assets minus liabilities). The statement of net assets provides a summary of assets available to continue the operations of the University. The statement also shows how much the University owes vendors, investors and lending institutions. Finally, the statement of net assets provides a picture of the net assets and the availability for expenditure by the University.

Net assets are divided into three major categories. The first category, **invested in capital assets**, **net of related debt**, provides the University's equity in property, plant and equipment owned by the University. The second asset category is **restricted net assets**, which is divided into two categories, nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus of nonexpendable restricted resources, as it pertains to endowments, is only available for investment purposes. Donors have primarily restricted income derived from these investments to fund scholarships and fellowships. Expendable restricted net assets are available for expenditure by the University but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed a time or purpose restriction on the use of the assets. The final category is **unrestricted net assets**, which are available to the University for any lawful purpose of the University. Many of the University's unrestricted net assets have been designated or reserved for specific purposes such as: repairs and replacement of equipment, capital projects, future debt service, quasiendowments, insurance reserves, research centers and instructional departments.

Summary of Statements of Net Assets								
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>					
Current assets	\$ 131,568,438	\$120,537,020	\$ 98,599,124					
Noncurrent assets:								
Endowment, life income and other investments	52,730,053	52,096,534	51,153,427					
Capital assets, net	206,671,409	212,762,299	193,327,170					
Legal settlement receivable	3,534,449	4,312,772	4,910,379					
Other	2,507,239	2,672,705	2,147,925					
Total assets	397,011,588	392,381,330	350,138,025					
Current liabilities	48,413,908	46,734,545	46,582,274					
Noncurrent liabilities	80,861,000	83,651,000	58,111,000					
Total liabilities	129,274,908	130,385,545	104,693,274					
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	126,483,662	130,165,018	135,705,109					
Restricted	11,410,878	9,720,007	9,619,562					
Unrestricted	129,842,140	122,110,760	100,120,080					
Total net assets	\$ 267,736,680	\$ 261,995,785	\$245,444,751					

A summarized comparison of the University's assets, liabilities, and net assets as of September 30 is as follows:

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For the year ending September 30, 2011, the University's current assets increased \$11.0 million. Endowment, life income and other investments increased \$633,519. Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased \$6.1 million due to depreciation offset by capital expenditures. The legal settlement receivable of \$3.5 million is the net present value of an amount to be received in future years. Current liabilities increased \$1.7 million. The majority of this increase is due to payroll related liabilities and deferred revenues. Noncurrent liabilities decreased \$2.8 million, the result of bond principal payments.

For the year ending September 30, 2010, the University's current assets increased \$21.9 million. Endowment, life income and other investments increased \$943,107. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$19.4 million primarily due to the construction of Charger Village, a new four hundred bed residence hall. The legal settlement receivable of \$4.3 million is the net present value of an amount to be received in future years. Current liabilities increased \$152,272. Noncurrent liabilities increased \$25.5 million, the result of the issuance of Student Housing Revenue Bonds.

For the year ending September 30, 2009, the University's current assets increased \$18.1 million. Endowment, life income and other investments decreased \$2.1 million. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$2.1 million primarily due to the renovation of Wilson Hall and the construction of a new residence hall. The legal settlement receivable of \$4.9 million is the net present value of an amount to be received in future years. Current liabilities increased \$7.0 million. Of this amount, \$2.2 million is due to payroll related liabilities and \$4.4 million in deferred revenue is due to the increased tuition and enrollment during the year. Noncurrent liabilities increased \$5.6 million, the result of the issuance of General Fee Revenue Bonds.

For the year ending September 30, 2011, the University's total net assets increased 2.2%. The University's investments in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased approximately \$3.7 million primarily due to a capital decrease in capital assets. Restricted net assets increased \$1.7 million. Unrestricted net assets increased approximately \$7.7 million. Although unrestricted net assets are not subject to



externally imposed stipulations, substantially all of the University's unrestricted net assets have been designated for capital projects, as well as various academic and research programs and initiatives.

For the year ending September 30, 2010, the University's total net assets increased 6.7%. The University's investments in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased approximately \$5.5 million primarily due to the issuance of Student Housing Revenue Bonds. Restricted net assets increased \$100,445. Unrestricted net assets increased approximately \$22.0 million. Although unrestricted net assets are not subject to externally imposed stipulations, substantially all of the University's unrestricted net assets have been designated for capital projects, as well as various academic and research programs and initiatives.

For the year ending September 30, 2009, the University's total net assets increased 2.0%. The University's investments in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased approximately \$3.9 million primarily due to the issuance of General Fee Revenue Bonds. Restricted net assets increased \$47,135. Unrestricted net assets increased approximately \$8.7 million. Although unrestricted net assets are not subject to externally imposed stipulations, substantially all of the University's unrestricted net assets have been designated for capital projects, as well as various academic and research programs and initiatives.

#### **Capital Assets**

At September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, the University had approximately \$389.9 million, \$386.6 million and \$356.7 million invested in capital assets and accumulated depreciation of \$183.2 million, \$173.8 million, and \$163.4 million, respectively. Depreciation charges for fiscal year 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$12.2 million, \$11.2 million and \$11.3 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes the University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of September 30:

Capital Assets, Net								
		2011		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>		
Land	\$	3,910,290	\$	3,910,290	\$	3,871,290		
Land improvements and infrastructure, net		1,921,904		2,125,825		2,300,240		
Buildings and building improvements, net		184,777,581		188,820,790		171,233,440		
Equipment, net		11,578,172		10,799,069		8,318,826		
Library books, net		2,647,480		5,036,758		5,530,447		
Computer software, net		1,325,677		1,619,652		1,913,627		
Artwork		510,305		449,915		159,300		
Total capital assets, net	\$	206,671,409	\$	212,762,299	<b>\$</b> 1	193,327,170		

Major capital additions during the year ended September 30, 2011, included the completion of the construction of Charger Village and a capital gift of a supercomputer.

Major capital expenditures during the year ended September 30, 2010, included the construction of Charger Village.

Major capital expenditures during the year ended September 30, 2009, included the renovation of Wilson Hall and the construction of a new residence hall.

Additional information about the University's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

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#### Debt

The following table summarizes outstanding long-term debt by type, as of September 30:

Debt				
<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
\$ 2,790,000	\$	2,575,000	\$	2,490,000
80,861,000		83,526,000		58,111,000
-		125,000		-
\$ 83,651,000	\$	86,226,000	\$	60,601,000
\$	2011 \$ 2,790,000 80,861,000	<b>2011</b> \$ 2,790,000 \$ 80,861,000	2011 2010   \$ 2,790,000 \$ 2,575,000   80,861,000 83,526,000   - 125,000	2011 2010   \$ 2,790,000 \$ 2,575,000 \$   \$ 80,861,000 \$ 3,526,000 -   - 125,000 -



Principal and interest on these revenue bonds are collateralized by a pledge of revenues produced by student housing and student tuition and fees.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Changes in total net assets as presented on the statement of net assets are based on the activity presented in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, which presents the University's results of operations. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the University, both operating and nonoperating, and expenses paid by the University, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or expended by the University. State appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the State Legislature to the University without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services in return for those revenues. Without the nonoperating revenues, in particular the state appropriations, the University would not be able to cover its costs of operations. These sources are critical to the University's financial stability and directly impact the quality of its program.

A summarized comparison of the University's revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the years ended September 30 is as follows:

Summary of Statements of Revenues, Expenses,	and Changes in	Net Assets	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Operating revenues:			
Tuition and fees	\$ 62,722,011	\$ 57,539,507	\$ 49,171,895
Less: scholarship allowances	(17,691,842)	(15,866,010)	(11,842,131
Tuition and fees, net	45,030,169	41,673,497	37,329,764
Federal, state and private grants and contracts	81,504,667	80,584,998	75,442,370
Sales and services of educational departments	5,229,509	3,382,871	3,267,819
Auxiliary, net of \$1,193,885 in 2011 and \$832,271			
in 2010 of scholarship allowances	8,172,943	6,079,895	5,860,094
Total operating revenues	139,937,288	131,721,261	121,900,047
Operating expenses	191,821,815	175,666,077	169,352,22 <sup>-</sup>
Operating loss	(51,884,527)	(43,944,816)	(47,452,174
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
State educational appropriations	42,703,771	43,072,625	45,861,449
Private gifts	3,313,101	2,827,316	3,017,52
Net investment income	306,941	5,177,809	865,840
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(139,164)	(268,920)	(1,045,09
Interest expense	(3,413,201)	(2,531,893)	(2,323,48
Capital gifts and grants	1,555,390	791,115	640,330
Pell grant revenue	8,558,340	7,894,629	5,205,26
State fiscal stabilization funds	4,739,873	3,529,066	98,92
Legal settlement	371	4,103	-
Net nonoperating revenues	57,625,422	60,495,850	52,320,75
Increase in net assets	5,740,895	16,551,034	4,868,58 <sup>,</sup>
Net assets, beginning of year	261,995,785	245,444,751	240,576,170
Net assets, end of year	\$ 267,736,680	\$ 261,995,785	\$ 245,444,75

Tuition and fees increased \$5.2 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 due to a 15.1% increase in tuition. The \$8.4 and \$7.3 million increases in 2010 and 2009 were also the result of tuition increases. The following is a summary of revenues by source (both operating and nonoperating) for the years ended September 30, which are used to fund the University's operating activities. Significant recurring sources of the University's revenues, such as state appropriations, are considered nonoperating, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements-Management Discussion and Analysis for-Public colleges and Universities*.

			Revenue Sou	rces		
	2011		2010		2009	
State educational appropriations	\$42,703,771	21.2%	\$43,072,625	22.1%	\$45,861,449	25.8%
Net investment income	306,941	0.1%	5,177,809	2.7%	865,840	0.5%
Grants and contracts	81,504,667	40.5%	80,584,998	41.3%	75,442,370	42.5%
Gifts	3,313,101	1.6%	2,827,316	1.5%	3,017,524	1.7%
Auxiliary	8,172,943	4.1%	6,079,895	3.1%	5,860,094	3.3%
Net tuition and fees	45,030,169	22.4%	41,673,497	21.4%	37,329,764	21.0%
Sales and services	5,229,509	2.6%	3,382,871	1.7%	3,267,819	1.8%
Capital gifts and grants	1,555,390	0.8%	791,115	0.4%	640,330	0.4%
Legal settlement	371	0.0%	4,103	0.0%	-	0.0%
Pell grants	8,558,340	4.3%	7,894,629	4.0%	5,205,261	2.9%
State fiscal stabilization funds	4,739,873	2.4%	3,529,066	1.8%	98,925	0.1%
Total revenues	\$201,115,075		\$195,017,924		\$177,589,376	

Investment income decreased \$4.9 million in fiscal year ended 2011 as considerable unrealized losses were recorded due to unfavorable market conditions and activity. In 2010, investment activity produced a net increase of \$4.3 million from the prior year. Investments experienced gains of \$0.9 million in 2009.

Grants and contracts increased \$0.9 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 primarily due to an increase in federal contracts and grants. Grants and contracts increased \$5.1 million and \$7.8 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, primarily due to an increase in federal grants and contracts. Capital gifts and grants increased \$0.8 million during fiscal year 2011, due gifts received. Capital gifts and grants increased \$150,785 during fiscal year 2010. There was a decrease of \$10.8 million during fiscal year 2009, the result of the completion of a construction grant for the Intermodal Facility.

The University receives grant and contract revenue from federal, state and local governments and private agencies. These funds are used to further the mission of the University: research, education, and public service. These funds were received in exchange for services performed and are recorded as operating revenues. The chart reflects the funding sources for federal operating grant and contract revenue for the years ended September 30:

Detail of Federal Grants & Contracts Revenue							
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	
National Aeronautics and							
Space Administration	\$	19,920,857	\$	20,969,792	\$	20,886,686	
Department of Defense		45,617,018		43,303,784		35,590,965	
National Science Foundation		2,414,183		3,243,906		1,715,550	
Department of Education		940,410		1,112,374		532,789	
Other		7,094,679		6,855,061		7,867,802	
Total	\$	75,987,147	\$	75,484,916	\$	66,593,792	
	<b>—</b>	, ,	<u> </u>		*	,-,-,-	

Department of Defense revenues increased \$2.3 million, \$7.7 million and \$6.5 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 respectively, primarily due to an increase in Army contracts.

The following is a comparison of the University's operating expenses for the years ended September 30:

Operating expenses (by functional classification)								
		2011		2010		2009		
Instruction	\$	52,788,595	\$	46,626,681	\$	46,572,499		
Research		72,161,096		70,977,492		65,218,878		
Public service		1,271,245		492,098		267,414		
Academic support		10,979,107		8,053,427		7,093,760		
Student services		12,288,975		10,109,980		9,494,792		
Institutional support		16,674,715		15,506,263		15,673,674		
Operations and maintenance of plant		7,663,698		8,538,183		9,434,866		
Scholarships and fellowships		1,286,400		981,010		928,253		
Auxiliary enterprises		4,500,595		3,203,326		3,329,830		
Depreciation		12,207,389		11,177,617		11,338,255		
Total operating expenses	\$	191,821,815	\$	175,666,077	\$	169,352,221		
Operating expenses (by natural classification)								
Compensation and benefits	\$	135,629,341	\$	125,809,835	\$	122,500,135		
Supplies and services		42,698,685		37,697,615		34,585,578		
Depreciation		12,207,389		11,177,617		11,338,255		
Scholarships and fellowships		1,286,400		981,010		928,253		
Total operating expenses	\$	191,821,815	\$	175,666,077	\$	169,352,221		

Instruction expense increased \$6.2 million in fiscal year 2011, primarily due to annual merit based salary increases, increases in health insurance, and State American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 funding. Instruction expense increased \$54,182 in fiscal year 2010. The increase of \$2.8 million in 2009 was primarily due to increases in health insurance and other benefit costs.

Research expense increased \$1.2 million, \$5.8 million and \$0.8 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively, primarily due to an increase in contracts and grants.

The increase in compensation and benefits of \$9.8 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 was primarily due to annual merit based salary increases and increases in health insurance and other benefit costs. Compensation and benefits increased \$3.3 million and \$2.8 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and 2009, respectively, primarily due to increases in health insurance and other benefit costs.

Scholarships and fellowships increased \$0.3 million and \$52,757 in fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, due to increases in tuition. Supplies and services expense increased \$5.0 million in fiscal year 2011, primarily due to the write-off of electronic database and State American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 funding.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows presents the significant sources and uses of cash. The University's cash, primarily held in demand deposit accounts, is minimized by sweeping available cash balances into investment accounts. The following is a condensed statement of cash flows for the years ended September 30:

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows							
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>					
Cash received from operations	\$ 139,503,331	\$ 138,936,194					
Cash payments for operations	(178,784,992)	(165,882,624)					
Net cash used in operating activities	(39,281,661)	(26,946,430)					
Net cash used in capital and related financing activites	(11,359,231)	(9,013,004)					
Net cash used in investing activities	(399,617)	(30,775,257)					
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	58,388,597	57,715,914					
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents from other than operating activities	46,629,749	17,927,653					
Net increase (decrease) in cash	7,348,088	(9,018,777)					
Cash, beginning of year	29,880,175	38,898,952					
Cash, end of year	\$ 37,228,263	\$ 29,880,175					

The University used \$39.3 million of cash for operating activities in 2011, offset by approximately \$58.4 million of cash provided by noncapital financing activities. Similarly, in 2010, \$26.9 million of cash used for operating activities was offset by \$57.7 million in cash provided by noncapital financing activities. Noncapital financing activities, as defined by the GASB, include state educational appropriations and gifts received for other than capital purposes that are used to support operating expenses. The decrease in cash provided by noncapital financing activities was due to a decrease in state appropriations.

Cash of \$11.4 million and \$9.0 million in 2011 and 2010, respectively, was used for capital and related financing activities, primarily for purchases of capital assets and principal and interest payments. In 2010, these uses were offset by proceeds of approximately \$28.0 million from the issuance of our Series 2010-A Student Housing Revenue Bonds.

Cash used in investing activities totaled \$399,617 in 2011. Cash used in investing activities totaled \$30.8 million in 2010. The change is primarily the result of investments made to the System Intermediate Fund during 2010, which is the primary reason for the overall decrease in the University's cash from 2009 to 2010.



#### **Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future**

The University's state educational appropriations have not kept pace with the amounts recommended by the Alabama Commission on Higher Education (ACHE). For fiscal year 2011, the University was funded at approximately 57.4% of the ACHE funding recommendation.

There is a direct relationship between the level of State support and the University's ability to control tuition growth as declines in State educational appropriations adversely affect tuition levels. Proration of 3.0% and 9.5% was enacted in fiscal year 2011 and 2010, respectively, reducing appropriations the University received. There can be no assurance of future State educational appropriations. The University expects to be able to absorb this loss of State funds, without material reduction of its budget, through a combination of increased tuition and any increased enrollment and internal reserves. State educational appropriations are not, and cannot lawfully be, pledged under debt indentures. Major financial strengths of the University include a diverse source of revenues, including State appropriations, tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances), auxiliary units' revenue, private support and federally sponsored grants and contracts.

The University continues to attract federal grant and contract revenue. Over 86% of the University's federal operating revenue comes from two agencies: the National Aeronautical and Space Administration and the Department of Defense. The outcome of federal budget process has important ramifications for the University's research budget.

The University's achievement in recent years in obtaining private and federal support is a testament to the high regard in which the University is held. The level of support underscores the continued confidence among donors and grantors in the quality of the University's programs and the importance of its mission. The University must have a balanced array of many categories of facilities to meet its educational, research and public service goals and continues to assess long-term capital requirements. Support

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for the University's recent capital expenditures has been provided primarily from federal funds, bond issues repaid through student rental and facility fees, and gifts.

#### **Requests for Information**

These financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the University and its component unit's financial activities and to demonstrate the University's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of Accounting and Financial Reporting, The University of Alabama in Huntsville, 301 Sparkman Drive, Huntsville, Alabama 35899.



# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,647,932	\$ 29,350,455
Operating investments	62,030,703	61,906,105
Accounts receivable, net	25,017,114	21,931,129
Other current assets	7,872,689	7,349,331
Total current assets	131,568,438	120,537,020
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	580,331	529,720
Endowment investments	18,612,825	18,029,917
Investments for capital activities	33,536,897	33,536,897
Capital assets, net	206,671,409	212,762,299
Legal settlement receivable	3,534,449	4,312,772
Other noncurrent assets	2,507,239	2,672,705
Total noncurrent assets	265,443,150	271,844,310
Total Assets	\$ 397,011,588	\$ 392,381,330
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues Current portion of long-term debt Deposits held for others Total current liabilities	\$ 18,818,138 23,699,868 2,790,000 3,105,902 48,413,908	\$ 18,054,386 22,931,071 2,575,000 3,174,088 46,734,545
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-term debt	80,861,000	83,651,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	80,861,000	83,651,000
Total Liabilities	129,274,908	130,385,545
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	126,483,662	130,165,018
Restricted:	277/112	2 055 000
Nonexpendable	3,774,113	3,055,800
Expendable Unrestricted	7,636,765	6,664,207
Total Net Assets	<u>129,842,140</u> 267,736,680	122,110,760
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		261,995,785 <b>\$ 392,381,330</b>
i otar Liadinties and Net Assets	\$ 397,011,588	\$ 392,381,330

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA HUNTSVILLE FOUNDATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011	2010
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,479,802	\$ 2,054,158
Investments	33,561,409	33,807,671
Investment real estate	2,813,018	2,813,018
Investment in trust	5,236,077	5,145,485
Accrued interest	396,246	413,105
Mortgages receivable	-	36,897
Pledges receivable, net	393,228	116,040
Trust receivable	484,959	484,959
Related party receivable	209,434	176,090
Income tax receivable	80,794	56,794
Collections	-	60,390
Total Assets	\$ 46,654,967	\$ 45,164,607
Accounts payable Annuity payable Payroll tax payable <b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 2,221 162,607 <u>3,624</u> 168,452	\$ 1,669 175,770 2,224 179,663
Unrestricted net assets Temporarily restricted net assets Permanently restricted net assets <b>Total Net Assets</b>	 20,741,788 6,483,273 19,261,454 46,486,515	 21,566,649 6,110,077 17,308,218 44,984,944
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 46,654,967	\$ 45,164,607

See Note 16

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Operating Revenues		
Tuition and fees	\$ 62,722,011	\$ 57,539,507
Less: scholarship allowances	(17,691,842)	(15,866,010)
Tuition and fees, net	45,030,169	41,673,497
Grants and contracts		
Federal	75,987,147	75,484,916
State	4,094,758	3,794,394
Private	1,422,762	1,305,688
Sales and services of educational departments	5,229,509	3,382,871
Auxiliary, net of \$1,193,885 in 2011 and \$832,271 in 2010 of scholarship allowances	8,172,943	6,079,895
Total Operating Revenues	139,937,288	131,721,261
Operating Expenses		
Compensation and benefits	135,629,341	125,809,835
Supplies and services	42,698,685	37,697,615
Depreciation	12,207,389	11,177,617
Scholarships and fellowships	1,286,400	981,010
Total Operating Expenses	191,821,815	175,666,077
Operating loss	(51,884,527)	(43,944,816)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State educational appropriations	42,703,771	43,072,625
Private gifts	3,313,101	2,827,316
Net investment income	306,941	5,177,809
Pell grant revenue	8,558,340	7,894,629
State fiscal stabilization funds	4,739,873	3,529,066
Legal settlement	371	4,103
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(139,164)	(268,920)
Interest expense	(3,413,201)	(2,531,893)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	56,070,032	59,704,735
Capital gifts	1,555,390	791,115
	57,625,422	60,495,850
Increase in net assets	5,740,895	16,551,034
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	261,995,785	245,444,751
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 267,736,680	\$ 261,995,785

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA HUNTSVILLE FOUNDATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Changes in net assets		
Revenue, gains, and other support:		
Contributions	\$ 3,428,910	\$ 300,660
Rent income	23,960	24,400
Investment income	1,806,928	1,915,221
Unrealized gain on investments	-	1,735,883
Equity in earnings of trust	690,802	520,262
Other income	61,307	390,234
Total Revenues	6,011,907	4,886,660
Expenses:		
Unrealized loss on investments	1,931,582	-
Realized loss on sale of investments	150,880	1,459,607
Contributions to UAH	696,352	2,325,839
Scholarships to UAH	1,205,728	1,180,055
Professional services	71,913	135,721
Income tax expense	215,173	167,565
Labor/Payroll expense	103,344	86,120
Bad debts expense	97,883	119,854
Change in value of split-interest agreement	2,238	86,502
Other expenses	35,243	39,675
Total Expenses	4,510,336	5,600,938
Change in net assets	1,501,571	(714,278)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	44,984,944	45,699,222
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 46,486,515	\$ 44,984,944

See Note 16

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010	2011	2010
	2011	2010
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Student tuition and fees	\$ 46,959,315	\$ 42,344,929
Federal grants and contracts	75,933,459	80,362,044
State grants and contracts	4,064,451	4,094,174
Local grants and contracts	272	-
Private grants and contracts	1,411,960	1,408,845
Sales and services of educational and other departmental activities	4,425,221	3,371,436
Auxiliary enterprises	6,708,653	7,354,766
Payments to suppliers	(41,963,442)	(38,265,613)
Payments to employees and related fringes	(135,014,029)	(125,551,251)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(1,807,521)	(2,065,760)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(39,281,661)	(26,946,430)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	_	27,990,000
Proceeds from issuance of note payable	_	125,000
Bond issuance cost		(657,214)
Purchase of capital assets	(5,728,816)	(31,674,480)
Principal payments on capital debt	(2,575,000)	(2,490,000)
Interest payments on capital debt	(3,055,415)	(2,306,310)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(11,359,231)	(9,013,004)
Net Cash Osed in Capital and Related Finaleing Activities	(11,559,251)	(9,013,004)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Gain (loss) from investments, net	1,416,495	1,276,999
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	3,054	921,426
Purchase of investments	(1,819,166)	(32,973,682)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(399,617)	(30,775,257)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
State educational appropriations	42,703,771	43,072,625
Private gifts	3,313,101	2,827,316
Student direct lending receipts	28,593,707	28,647,367
Student direct lending disbursements	(30,049,987)	(28,687,822)
Amounts received from affiliates	79,812	54,729
Amounts paid to affiliates	(147,998)	(194,490)
Legal settlement	597,978	572,494
Pell grant revenue	8,558,340	7,894,629
State fiscal stabilization funds	4,739,873	3,529,066
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	58,388,597	57,715,914
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,348,088	(9,018,777)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	29,880,175	38,898,952
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 37,228,263	\$ 29,880,175
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Assets	26 647 022	20.250.455
Cash and cash equivalents in current assets	36,647,932	29,350,455
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	580,331	\$ 20,880,175
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 37,228,263	\$ 29,880,175

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS -- Continued Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (51,884,527)	\$ (43,944,816)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating		
activities:		
Depreciation expense	12,207,389	11,177,617
Changes in allowance for doubtful accounts	160,093	83,967
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(1,362,846)	5,252,218
Other current assets	(523,358)	(1,213,228)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,352,791	(180,936)
Deferred revenues	 768,797	 1,878,748
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (39,281,661)	\$ (26,946,430)
Supplemental Noncash Activities Information		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$ 139,165	\$ 268,920
Gift of capital assets	1,555,390	791,115
Capital assets acquired with a liability at year end	-	781,360

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA IN HUNTSVILLE Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

#### Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Financial Reporting Entity** - The University of Alabama in Huntsville (the "University") is one of three campuses of The University of Alabama System (the "System"), which is a discretely presented component unit of the State of Alabama. The financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and the cash flows of only that portion of the business type activities of the financial reporting entity of the System that is attributable to the transactions of the University. The financial statements include individual schools, colleges and departments, and certain affiliated operations determined to be a part of the University's financial reporting entity. The System is recognized as an organization exempt from Federal Income tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Scope of Statements** - The University follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units* (GASB 39). This Statement amends GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, to provide additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the University is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the University.

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the University, as well as its discretely presented component unit, the University of Alabama Huntsville Foundation (UAHF).

UAHF is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the University. UAHF is organized exclusively for charitable, scientific, and educational purposes in order to benefit the University. UAHF is governed by a 34-member board of trustees. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from UAHF, the majority of resources, or income thereon that UAHF holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by UAHF can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, UAHF is considered a component unit of the University. UAHF is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as further described below.

UAHF is a not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under the Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) Statements. Most significant to UAHF's operations and reporting model is Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria presentation features. No modifications have been made to UAHF's financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences; however, significant note disclosures (see Note 16) to UAHF's financial statements have been incorporated into the University's

notes to the financial statements. During the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, UAHF distributed \$1,902,080 and \$3,505,894, respectively, to or for the University for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for UAHF can be obtained by calling 1-256-824-6350.

The University is also affiliated with the Eminent Scholars Foundation, Alabama Engineering Foundation, UAH Alumni Association, UAH Athletic Association and UAH Foundation for Excellence. These entities' resources are not significant to the University; therefore, they do not constitute component units under the provisions of GASB 39.

**Basis of Accounting:** For financial reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Accordingly, the financial statements of the University have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including all applicable effective statements of the GASB and all statements of the FASB through November 30, 1989, using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

**Net Assets:** Net assets are classified into the following four categories according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of University obligations:

- **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt**: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted:

**Nonexpendable** – Net assets subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the University. Such assets include the corpus of the University's permanent endowment funds.

**Expendable** – Net assets whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

• Unrestricted: Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of management. Substantially all unrestricted net assets are designated for academic, research, and capital programs. **Cash and Cash Equivalents:** For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the University considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents representing assets of the University's endowment, life income, and other long-term investments are included in the noncurrent investments category.

**Investments:** The University's investments are primarily reported at fair value. The University's investment portfolio is primarily invested in three separate investment pools sponsored by the System. Fair value for the investment pools is provided by the System, based on the fair value of the underlying investment securities held by each investment pool. Fair value of the underlying securities held in each investment pool is based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes, where available, or determined using net asset values provided by underlying investment partnerships or companies, which primarily invest in readily marketable securities. Certain real estate and non-readily marketable securities held in the System-sponsored Endowment Fund and Prime fund (Note 3) are carried at cost, unless impaired. Fair value for investments held directly by the University is determined from quoted market prices or similar instruments. Net investment income, including realized and unrealized gains and losses, is reported as nonoperating revenues (expenses) in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

Investments are reported in three categories in the statement of net assets. Investments recorded as endowment investments are those invested funds that cannot be used to fund current operations and thus are included in noncurrent assets. Investments for capital activities are included in noncurrent assets, except for amounts included in current assets to offset current construction-related payables. All other investments are included as operating investments.

Accounts Receivable: Accounts receivable consist primarily of tuition and fees charged to students, amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, or private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's contracts and grants, and amounts due to the University related to a legal settlement. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts; the legal settlement receivable is recorded at net present value as the term is greater than one year.

**Capital Assets:** Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts, less accumulated depreciation. For equipment, the University's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was

incurred. The University capitalizes certain software and development costs associated with obtaining and developing internal-use computer software. Implementation costs, which are capitalized, include consulting expenses and allocation of internal salaries and fringes for the core implementation team. Training costs are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets acquired through federal grants and contracts where the federal government retains a reversionary interest are capitalized and depreciated. Interest costs, net of any related investment earnings, for certain assets acquired with the proceeds of tax-exempt borrowings are capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

Depreciation of buildings and building improvements (5-50 years), land improvements and infrastructure (10 years), library collection (10 years), computer software (10 years) and inventoried equipment (5-8 years) is computed on a straight-line basis. The University computes depreciation for certain buildings and building improvements using a componentized method.

**Collections:** Collections are recognized as an asset on the accompanying statement of net assets in accordance with GASB 34, *Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments*. The University defines collections as works of art or similar assets that are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than financial gain which are protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved. Collection items are recorded at cost as of the date of acquisition or at their appraised or fair value on the date of donation in the case of gifts. Gains or losses from the sale of collection items are reflected on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets as changes in the appropriate net asset classes, depending on the existence and type of donor-imposed restrictions.

**Deferred Revenues:** Deferred revenues consist primarily of amounts received for fall semester student tuition and fees that are not earned until the next fiscal year. Deferred revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

**Revenues:** The University's policy for defining operating activities as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets are those that generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing services and payments made for services or goods received. Nearly all of the University's operating revenues are from exchange transactions. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon to support operations are recorded as nonoperating revenues, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, including state educational appropriations, private gifts for other than capital purposes, investment income, federal pell grants and state fiscal stabilization funds.

Auxiliary enterprise revenues are primarily generated by University Housing.

Revenues received for capital activities are considered neither operating nor nonoperating activities, and are presented after nonoperating activities on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

**Contract and grant revenue:** The University receives contract and grant revenue from governmental and private sources. The University recognizes revenue associated with the sponsored programs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, based on the terms of the individual contract or grant.

**Scholarship Allowances and Student Aid:** Scholarship allowances applied to student accounts are recorded as an offset to student tuition and fees and auxiliary revenue. Payments of financial aid made directly to students continue to be classified as scholarship and fellowship expenses.

**Internal Sales Activities:** All internal sales activities to the University departments from sales and service units (motor pool, postal services, telecommunications, etc.) have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements.

**Compensated Absences:** The University accrues annual leave for employees at rates based upon length of service and job classification and compensatory time based upon job classification and years worked.

**Endowment Spending:** For donor restricted endowments, the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), as adopted in Alabama, permits The Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama (the Board) to appropriate an amount of realized and unrealized endowment appreciation as the Board determines to be prudent. UPMIFA also prescribes the guidelines for the expenditure of donor-restricted endowment funds in the absence of overriding, explicit donor stipulations. UPMIFA focuses on the entirety of a donor-restricted endowment fund, that is, both the original gift amount(s) and net appreciation. UPMIFA includes a robust set of guidelines about what constitutes prudent spending, explicitly requiring consideration of the duration and preservation of the fund. The University's policy is to retain the endowment realized and unrealized appreciation with the endowment after the spending rate distributions in a manner consistent with the standards of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. The Board approved a spending rate for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 of 5.0% of a moving three-year average of the market (unit) value.

**Use of Estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 - Cash

The Board approves, by resolution, all banks or other financial institutions utilized as depositories for University funds. Prior to approval, each proposed depository must provide evidence of its designation by the Alabama State Treasurer as a qualified public depository under the Security of Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE). From time to time, the Board may request that the depository provide evidence of its continuing designation as a qualified public depository. Under the mandatory SAFE program, each qualified public depository (QPD) is required to hold collateral for all its public depositories on a pooled basis in a custody account established for the State Treasurer as SAFE administrator. In the unlikely event a public entity should suffer a deposit loss due to QPD insolvency or default, a claim form would be filed with the State Treasurer who would use the SAFE pool collateral or other means to reimburse the loss.

The System sponsors a short-term investment pool for the System entities to invest operating cash reserves. The Short-Term Fund is invested in a treasury obligation money market fund managed by Federated. As of September 30, 2011, the University had approximately \$15.2 million in the Short-Term Fund all of which was invested in the money market fund. The assets held in the money market fund are presented in cash and cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2010, the University had approximately \$10.5 million in the Short-Term Fund all of which was invested in the money market fund. The assets held in the money market in the money market fund. The assets held in the money market fund approximately \$10.5 million in the Short-Term Fund all of which was invested in the money market fund. The assets held in the money market fund are presented in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents.

As of September 30, 2011 and 2010, the University had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$37,228,263 and \$29,880,175 respectively. Included in the amounts are deposits with trustees held for reserves, which totaled \$580,331 in 2011 and \$529,720 in 2010.

#### Note 3 – Investments

The University invests its endowment funds in accordance with applicable limitations set forth in gift instruments, Board guidelines, or applicable laws. Also certain bond indentures require the University to invest the amounts held in specific construction funds, redemption funds, and bond funds in federal securities, eligible certificates, or eligible investments.

At September 30, 2011 and 2010, the University's investments included custodial credit risk category I investments (investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the University or its agent in the University's name) and other investments not categorized by risk category as follows:

	2011	2010
Category I:		
Time deposits	\$ 135,081	\$ 134,619
Not categorized:		
Mutual funds	36,319	41,147
System Short-term Fund	15,204,407	10,505,856
System Intermediate Fund	57,865,155	56,953,381
System Prime Investment Fund	35,293,979	35,938,637
Pooled Endowment Fund	18,612,825	18,029,917
Agency Funds	2,237,066	2,375,218
Total Investments	\$ 129,384,832	\$ 123,978,775

The Board has the responsibility for the establishment of the investment policy and the oversight of the investments for the System and related entities. In order to facilitate system-wide investment objectives and achieve economies of scale, the Board has established four distinct investment pools based primarily on the projected investment time-horizons for system funds. These investment pools are the Endowment Fund, Prime Fund, Intermediate Fund and the Short-Term Fund (collectively, the System Pools). Pursuant to Board investment policies, each System or related entity may include all or a portion of their investments within the System-sponsored investment pools. These investment funds are considered 'internal' investment pools under GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, with the assets pooled on a market value basis. Separately managed funds that are resident with each entity are to be invested consistent with the asset mix of the corresponding System investment pool. The following disclosures relate to both the System Pools, which include the investments of other System entities and other affiliated entities, and the University-specific investment portfolio.

**Endowment Fund**: The purpose of the Endowment Fund is to pool endowment and similar funds to support the System campuses, hospital and related entities in carrying out their respective missions over a perpetual time frame. Accordingly, the primary investment objectives of the Endowment Funds are to preserve the purchasing power of the principal and provide a stable source of perpetual financial support to the endowment beneficiaries. To satisfy the long-term rate of return objective, the Endowment Fund relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation and natural income. Asset allocation targets are established to meet the return objectives while providing adequate diversification in order to minimize investment volatility. Of the \$18,612,825 invested by the University at September 30, 2011, \$5,221,265 is donor restricted. Of the \$18,029,917 invested by the University in 2010, \$4,564,400 is donor restricted. These donor restricted amounts also include unrealized gains. As discussed in Note 1, the Endowment Fund invests in securities with non-readily determinable market values which are valued at cost, unless impaired. The portion of the University's investment in the Endowment Fund which is reported at cost is approximately \$2,276,007 and \$1,943,000 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The remainder of the investment is reported at fair value.

**Prime Fund:** The Prime Fund is a longer-term fund used as an investment vehicle to manage operating reserves with a time horizon of seven to ten years. This fund has an investment objective of growth and income and is invested in a diversified asset mix of liquid and semi-liquid securities. This fund is not currently invested in long-term lockup funds with illiquid assets. As discussed in Note l, certain investments within the Prime Fund are valued at cost, unless impaired. The University's portion of investments in the Prime fund which are measured at cost totaled approximately \$591,000 and \$545,000 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The remainder of the investment is reported at fair value.

**Intermediate Fund:** The Intermediate Fund serves as an investment vehicle to manage operating reserves with a time horizon of two to six years. This fund is also used to balance the other funds when looking at the System's entire asset allocation of operating reserves relative to its investment objectives. The Intermediate Fund has an investment objective of income with preservation of capital and is invested in intermediate-term fixed income securities. System policy states that at least one of the investment managers must be a large mutual fund providing daily liquidity.

**Short-Term Fund:** The Short-Term Fund contains the operating reserves of the various System entities. Because of the different income and disbursement requirements of each entity, consolidation of these funds reduces daily cash fluctuations and minimizes the amount of short-term cash reserves needed. Assets held in the Short-Term Fund are invested with the primary objective of stability of principal and liquidity. Such investments are restricted to high quality, liquid, money market funds and other fixed income obligations with a maturity of one year or less. Refer to Note 2 for additional information related to the Short-Term Fund.

The composition of the System's investments, by investment type for the System Pools, at September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

	ENDOWMENT	FUND	PRIME FUN	D	INTERMEDIATE	FUND	SHORT TERM	FUND
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
RECEIVABLES:								
ACCRUED INCOME RECEIVABLES	\$ 1,107,419 \$	1,022,703	650,770 \$	730,638 \$	4,991,584 \$	3,394,772 \$	- \$	
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	1,107,419	1,022,703	650,770	730,638	4,991,584	3,394,772	-	
CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT					9.083.787	2,700.000		
COMMERCIAL PAPER	-	-	-	-	16.200.000	27,000,000	-	
MONEY MARKET FUNDS	32.523.163	20.090.042	27.318.415	15,547,782		15.395.631	119.243.909	168,718,53
TOTAL CASH EQUIVALENTS	32,523,163	20,090,042	27,318,415	15,547,782	67,192,267 92,476,054		119,243,909	168,718,53
TOTAL CASH EQUIVALENTS	32,523,163	20,090,042	27,318,415	15,547,782	92,476,054	45,095,631	119,243,909	168,718,53
EQUITIES:								
U.S. COMMON STOCK	61,441,298	63,959,778	47,156,571	46,906,064	-	-	-	
FOREIGN STOCK	3,693,290	3,734,348	2,813,145	2,708,329			-	
TOTAL EQUITIES	65,134,588	67,694,126	49,969,716	49,614,393			-	
FIXED INCOME SECURITIES:								
U.S. GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS	32.642.178	33.786.763	11,255,896	19,534,274	237,375,819	192.236.728		
MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS					5,348,375	2.093.673		
MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES	-	911.352	-	566.328	47,674,103	19,764,250	-	
COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATIONS	824,701	1,525,678	1,616,040	1,900,449	80,738,496	30,978,826	-	
CORPORATE BONDS	45,242,909	31,889,288	20,786,125	21,567,664	349,240,996	256.027.315	-	
NON-U.S. BONDS		-			20,105,488	7,756,995		
TOTAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	78,709,788	68,113,081	33,658,061	43,568,715	740,483,277	508,857,787	-	
COMMINGLED FUNDS: BANK COMMON TRUST FUND								
U.S. EQUITY FUNDS	97,341,436	130,953,359	95,624,301	101,565,158	-	-	-	
NON-U.S. EQUITY FUNDS		209,620,702	95,624,501			-	-	
U.S. BOND FUNDS	204,708,799	74.155.378		173,321,023 93.914.279	105 121 102	400 450 700	-	
NON-U.S. BOND FUNDS	19,459,731 56.083,738	74,155,378 51,744,077	48,810,114 48,033,757	93,914,279 38.096.317	106,131,492	108,159,733	-	
HEDGE FUNDS	141.883.144	126.056.610				-	-	
PRIVATE EQUITY FUNDS		-1	109,604,285	93,416,606		-	-	
	53,444,269	50,904,793	-	-	-	-	-	
TIMBERLAND FUNDS REAL ESTATE FUNDS	5,624,452	8,527,039 69.314.611	-	40.046.944	-	-	-	
TOTAL COMMINGLED FUNDS	111,363,985 689,909,554	721.276.569	87,120,952 579,700,319	40,046,944 540.360.327	106,131,492	108.159.733	-	
	,,.	, ,,,,,				,,		
TOTAL FUND INVESTMENTS	866,277,093	877,173,818	690,646,511	649,091,217	939,090,823	662,113,151	119,243,909	168,718,53
TOTAL FUND ASSETS	867,384,512	878,196,521	691,297,281	649,821,855	944,082,407	665,507,923	119,243,909	168,718,53
TOTAL FUND LIABILITIES	(141,349)	(108,538)	(96,905)	(78,054)	(431,667)	(253,747)	-	
AFFILIATED ENTITY INVESTMENTS IN FUNDS	(108,310,387)	(109,872,550)	(46,104,160)	(1,891,880)	(63,559,098)	(8,165,066)		
FOTAL NET ASSET VALUE	\$ 758,932,777 \$	768,215,433 \$	645,096,216 \$	647,851,921 \$	880,091,643 \$	657,089,110	119,243,909 \$	168,718,53

**Investment Risk Factors:** There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some, such as custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk and foreign currency risk, may affect both equity and fixed income securities. Equity securities respond to such factors as economic conditions, individual company earnings performance and market liquidity, while fixed income securities are particularly sensitive to credit risks and changes in interest rates.

**Credit Risk:** Fixed income securities are subject to credit risk, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner, or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make these payments will cause security prices to decline. These circumstances may arise due to a variety of factors such as financial weakness, bankruptcy, litigation, and/or adverse political developments. Certain fixed income securities, primarily obligations of the U.S. government or those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, are not considered to have significant credit risk.

A bond's credit quality is an assessment of the issuer's ability to pay interest on the bond, and ultimately, to pay the principal. Credit quality is evaluated by one of the independent bond-rating agencies, for example Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) or Standard and Poor's (S&P). The lower the rating, the greater the chance—in the rating agency's opinion—that the bond issuer will default, or fail to meet its payment obligations.

Generally, the lower a bond's credit rating, the higher its yield should be to compensate for the additional risk.

Board policy recognizes that a limited amount of credit risk, properly managed and monitored, is prudent and provides incremental risk adjusted return over its benchmark.

Credit risk in each investment pool is managed primarily by diversifying across issuers and limiting the amount of portfolio assets that can be invested in non-investment grade securities. Fixed income holdings in a single entity (excluding obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies) may not exceed 5% of a manager's portfolio measured at market value. At least 95% of these fixed income investments must be in investment grade securities (securities with ratings of BBB- or Baa3) or higher. However, multistrategy fixed income managers may have up to 20% of their investments in noninvestment grade securities. Securities of foreign entities denominated in U.S. dollars are limited to 10% of a manager's portfolio. Securities denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are not permissible unless part of a multi-strategy fixed income account where the limitation is 20% of the manager's portfolio.

The investment policy recognizes that credit risk is appropriate in balanced investment pools such as the Endowment and Prime Funds, which are tracked against the Barclays Government Credit Index for U.S. investments and the Citigroup WGBI Index for international investment benchmarks for the fixed income portion of these pools. Fixed income investments within the Endowment and Prime Funds include corporate, mortgage backed, asset backed and U.S. treasury and/or agency bonds with a minimum BBB- rating and an average duration of four years. In addition, approximately \$1,600,000 and \$3,800,000 in the Endowment and Prime Funds, at September 30, 2011 and 2010, is invested in unrated fixed income securities, excluding fixed income commingled funds. Fixed income commingled funds were approximately \$232,200,000 and \$293,500,000, in the Endowment and Prime Funds, at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Intermediate Fund is benchmarked against the 1-3 year Barclays Government Credit Index with funds invested with four separate fund managers. Fixed income investments include corporate, mortgage backed, asset backed, collateralized mortgage and U.S. treasury and/or agency bonds with a minimum rating of BB or higher. For September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, approximately \$59,200,000 and \$62,000,000 was invested by the Intermediate Fund in unrated fixed income securities, excluding commingled bond funds, money market funds and commercial paper. Fixed income commingled funds and commercial paper totaled approximately \$189,500,000 and \$150,600,000 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. For September 30, 2011 and 2010, \$9,100,000 and \$2,700,000, respectively, was invested by the Intermediate Fund in certificates of deposit.

The Short-Term Fund is committed to immediate liquidity to meet the operating needs of the System campuses and hospital. The Short-Term Fund is invested in a money market fund, which in turn invests mostly in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. These funds are all commingled with funds of other investors. Refer to Note 2 for additional information related to the Short-Term Fund.

The credit risk for fixed and variable income securities, for the System Pools, at September 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	ENDOWMENT	FUND	PRIME FUN	PRIME FUND		FUND	SHORT TERM FUND	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Fixed or Variable Income Securities								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$ 32,642,178 \$	33,786,763 \$	11,255,896 \$	19,534,274 \$	237,375,819 \$	192,236,728 \$	- \$	
Municipal Government Obligations	-	-	-	-	5,348,375	2,093,673	-	
Other U.S. Denominated:								
AAA	601,838	1,352,251	259,069	1,180,794	82,551,910	60,795,483	-	
AA	9,442,755	3,644,101	4,280,773	2,393,581	82,527,357	58,634,075	-	
A	20,810,897	16,695,249	10,696,427	11,416,560	155,173,567	87,821,004	-	
BBB	14,989,257	10,994,544	5,808,925	6,919,747	93,358,572	38,692,339	-	
BB	-		-	-	19,361,524	5,937,675	-	
В	-		-	-	1,357,676	436,225	-	
C and < C			-	-	4,257,867	197,792	-	
Unrated	222,863	1,640,173	1,356,971	2,123,759	59,170,610	62,012,793	-	
Commingled Funds:								
U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated	19,459,731	74,155,378	48,810,114	93,914,279	106,131,492	108,159,733	-	
Non-U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated	56,083,738	51,744,077	48,033,757	38,096,317	-	-	-	
Money Market Funds: Unrated	32,523,163	20,090,042	27,318,415	15,547,782	67,192,267	15,395,631	119,243,909	168,718,531
Commercial Paper: Unrated	-		-	-	16,200,000	27,000,000	-	
Certificate of Deposits	-		-		9,083,787	2,700,000	-	
TOTAL	\$ 186,776,420 \$	214,102,578 \$	157,820,347 \$	191,127,093 \$	939,090,823 \$	662,113,151 \$	119,243,909 \$	168,718,53

**Custodial Credit Risk:** Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the corporate failure of the custodian, the System's investment securities may not be returned. Investment securities in the System Pools are registered in the Board's name by the custodial bank as an agent for the System. Other types of investments (i.e. open-ended mutual funds, money market funds) represent ownership interests that do not exist in physical or book-entry form. As a result, custodial credit risk is remote.

**Concentration of Credit Risk:** Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers, thereby exposing the organization to greater risks resulting from adverse economic, political, regulatory, geographic, or credit developments. As previously mentioned, credit risk in each investment pool is managed primarily by diversifying across issuers and limiting the amount of portfolio assets that can be invested in non-investment grade securities. As of September 30, 2011 and 2010, there was no investment in a single issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments held by any single investment manager of the System Pools, except for investments issued by the U.S. government and money market fund investments held by the Short Term Fund.

**Interest Rate Risk:** Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income securities will decline because of changing interest rates. The prices of fixed income securities with a longer time to maturity, measured by effective duration, tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates and, therefore, more volatile than those with shorter durations.

Effective duration is the approximate change in price of a security resulting from a 100 basis point (1 percentage point) change in the level of interest rates. It is not a measure of time. The Board does not have a specific policy relative to interest rate risk. As such, there are no restrictions on weighted average maturity for each portfolio as they are managed relative to the investment objectives and liquidity demands of the investors. The effective durations for fixed or variable income securities, for the System Pools, at September 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	ENDOWMEN	IT FUND	PRIME FU	JND	INTERMEDIATE FUND		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
U.S. GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS	4.1	3.4	4.9	3.3	2.6	3.0	
CORPORATE BONDS	5.8	6.4	5.8	6.0	2.3	2.0	
COMMINGLED BOND FUNDS	4.2	5.8	3.8	5.2	2.2	2.4	

The information presented does not take into account the relative weighting of the portfolio components to the total portfolio.

Investments may also include mortgage pass through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations that may be considered to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the existence of prepayment or conversion features. At September 30, 2011 and 2010, the fair market value of these investments for the System Pools, are as follows:

	ENDOWM	ENT FUN	0	PRIME	FUND		INTERMED	IATE FUI	۱D
	2011		2010	2011		2010	2011		2010
MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE	\$ -	\$	911,352	\$ -	\$	566,328	\$ 47,674,103	\$	19,764,250
OBLIGATIONS	824,701		1,525,678	1,616,040		1,900,449	80,738,496		30,978,826
TOTAL FIXED	\$ 824,701	\$	2,437,030	\$ 1,616,040	\$	2,466,777	\$ 128,412,599	\$	50,743,076

**Mortgage Backed Securities:** These securities are issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (Freddie Mac) and include short embedded prepayment options. Unanticipated prepayments by the obligees of the underlying asset reduce the total expected rate of return.

**Collateralized Mortgage Obligations:** Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) generate a return based upon either the payment of interest or principal on mortgages in an underlying pool. The relationship between interest rates and prepayments makes the fair value highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. In falling interest rate environments, the underlying mortgages are subject to a higher propensity of prepayments. In a rising interest rate environment, the opposite is true.

At September 30, 2011 and 2010 the effective durations for these securities are as follows:

	ENDOWME	NT FUND	PRIME F	UND	INTERMEDIATE FUND		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES	<u> </u>	2.3	-	2.2	2.7	2.9	
COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATIONS	2.4	2.2	1.2	1.6	0.9	1.6	

**Foreign Currency Risk:** The strategic asset allocation policy for the Endowment Fund and the Prime Fund includes an allocation to non-United States equity securities. Each international equity manager must hold a minimum of 30 individual stocks with equity holdings in a single company remaining below 8% of the investment manager's portfolio, measured at market value. Currency hedging of foreign bonds and stocks is allowed under System Policy. As of September 30, 2011 and 2010, all foreign investments in the System Pools are denominated in U.S. dollars and are in international commingled funds, which in turn invest in equity securities and bonds of foreign issuers except for approximately \$20,100,000 and \$7,800,000 of foreign bonds denominated in U.S. dollars and held by the Intermediate Fund at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

**Securities Lending:** Board policies permit security lending as a mechanism to augment income. Loans of the securities are required to be collateralized by cash, letters of credit or securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies. The collateral must equal at least 102% of the current market value of the loaned securities. Securities lending contracts must state acceptable collateral for securities loaned, duties of the borrower, delivery of loaned securities and acceptable investment of the collateral.

At September 30, 2011 and 2010, there were no securities on loan from the investment pools.

#### Note 4 – Accounts Receivable

The composition of accounts receivable at September 30, 2011 and 2010 is summarized as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Tuition and fees (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$222,045 in 2011 and \$250,545 in 2010)	\$ 4,912,571	\$ 5,161,429
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	172,126	128,049
Federal, state, and private grants and contracts (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$511,282 in 2011 and \$322,688 in 2010)	17,840,078	15,534,316
Legal settlement receivable, net present value	778,323	597,607
Other	 1,314,016	509,728
Net accounts receivable	\$ 25,017,114	\$ 21,931,129

#### Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is summarized as follows:

	October 1, <u>2010</u>	Additions	Ē	Retirements	<u>Adjustments</u>	S	eptember 30, <u>2011</u>
Land	\$ 3,910,290	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,910,290
Land improvements and infrastructure	8,059,384	198,546		-	-		8,257,930
Buildings and building improvements	257,248,721	3,221,343		-	25,259,406		285,729,470
Construction in progress	25,259,406	720,876		-	(25,259,406)		720,876
Equipment	60,561,407	3,825,632		(2,284,496)	-		62,102,543
Library books	28,173,265	51,841		(2,539,340)	-		25,685,766
Computer software	2,939,750	-		-	-		2,939,750
Artwork	 449,915	60,390		-	-		510,305
Total cost of capital assets	 386,602,138	8,078,628		(4,823,836)	-		389,856,930
Less accumulated depreciation	 173,839,839	12,207,389		(2,861,707)	-		183,185,521
Capital assets, net	\$ 212,762,299	\$ (4,128,761)	\$	(1,962,129)	-	\$	206,671,409

	October 1, <u>2009</u>	Additions	<u>F</u>	Retirements	<u>A</u>	<u>djustments</u>	s	eptember 30, <u>2010</u>
Land	\$ 3,871,290	\$ 39,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,910,290
Land improvements and infrastructure	7,783,526	275,858		-		-		8,059,384
Buildings and building improvements	249,320,921	3,748,668		(304,967)		4,484,099		257,248,721
Construction in progress	8,448,111	21,295,394		-		(4,484,099)		25,259,406
Equipment	56,611,597	4,641,685		(691,875)		-		60,561,407
Library books	27,573,616	599,649		-		-		28,173,265
Computer software	2,939,750	-		-		-		2,939,750
Artwork	159,300	290,615		-		-		449,915
Total cost of capital assets	356,708,111	30,890,869		(996,842)		-		386,602,138
Less accumulated depreciation	163,380,941	11,177,617		(718,719)		-		173,839,839
Capital assets, net	\$ 193,327,170	\$ 19,713,252	\$	(278,123)	\$	-	\$	212,762,299

# Note 6 – Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is summarized as follows:

Type/Supported by	October 1, <u>2010</u>	New <u>Debt, net</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal Repayment	Se	ptember 30, <u>2011</u>
Bonds: Student housing revenue General fee revenue Note Payable Total debts	\$53,661,000 32,440,000 125,000 86,226,000	\$ - - - \$ -	\$	1,260,000 1,315,000 - 2,575,000	\$	52,401,000 31,125,000 125,000 83,651,000
Less current portion Total long-term debt	2,575,000 \$83,651,000				\$	2,790,000 80,861,000
Type/Supported by	October 1, <u>2009</u>	New <u>Debt, net</u>	F	Principal Repayment	Se	ptember 30, <u>2010</u>
<u>Type/Supported by</u> Bonds: Student housing revenue General fee revenue Note Payable Total debts			<u>F</u> \$ \$	•	Se \$	

Maturities and interest on long-term debt for the next five years ended September 30 and in subsequent five-year periods ended September 30 are as follows:

1			-	
		<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
	2012	\$ 2,790,000	\$ 3,452,646	\$ 6,242,646
	2013	3,160,000	3,359,567	6,519,567
	2014	3,280,000	3,251,003	6,531,003
	2015	3,395,000	3,134,177	6,529,177
	2016	3,540,000	3,008,676	6,548,676
	2017-2021	15,726,000	13,168,024	28,894,024
	2022-2026	19,180,000	9,453,839	28,633,839
	2027-2031	13,945,000	5,357,618	19,302,618
	2032-2036	8,770,000	2,925,511	11,695,511
	2037-2041	7,970,000	1,366,961	9,336,961
	2042	1,895,000	75,444	1,970,444
		\$ 83,651,000	\$ 48,553,466	\$ 132,204,466

The following is a detailed schedule of long-term debt:

Description and Purpose	Date Final <u>Issued Maturity</u>		Interest <u>Rate - %</u>	Original Indebtedness	Outstanding Indebtedness September 30, <u>2011</u>	Outstanding Indebtedness September 30, <u>2010</u>	
Bonds Payable:							
Dormitory Revenue Bonds of 1980	5/1/1980	5/1/2020	3.00	\$ 2,180,000	\$ 755,000	\$ 825,000	
Dormitory Revenue Bonds of 1981	7/23/1982	5/1/2021	3.00	2,602,000	951,000	1,036,000	
Student Housing Revenue Bonds-Series 2001	12/27/2001	12/1/2031	3.00 - 5.30	9,370,000	7,860,000	8,065,000	
Revenue Bonds-Series 2002-A	12/19/2002	9/30/2027	1.40 - 4.75	3,965,000	3,150,000	3,265,000	
Revenue Bonds-Series 2003-A	2/3/2003	9/30/2027	1.45 - 4.70	17,890,000	13,910,000	14,460,000	
Student Housing Revenue Bonds-Series 2004-A	9/30/2004	9/1/2034	3.00 - 4.63	13,130,000	11,305,000	11,590,000	
Student Housing Revenue Bonds-Series 2004-B	9/30/2004	9/1/2016	3.00 - 3.63	7,515,000	3,540,000	4,155,000	
Revenue Bonds-Series 2005-A	10/1/2005	6/1/2025	3.00 - 4.38	8,580,000	6,545,000	6,895,000	
Revenue Bonds-Series 2009A	8/4/2009	7/1/2029	3.0-4.50	8,115,000	7,520,000	7,820,000	
Student Housing Revenue Bonds-Series 2010-A	7/14/2010	6/1/2042	2.85-6.125	27,990,000	27,990,000	27,990,000	
Total Bonds Payable				101,337,000	83,526,000	86,101,000	
Note Payable:							
UAH Foundation	9/20/2010	7/31/2012		125,000	125,000	125,000	
Total Note Payable				125,000	125,000	125,000	
Total Debt				\$ 101,462,000	\$ 83,651,000	\$ 86,226,000	

The University's general fee bonds and student housing bonds are subject to certain covenants. These covenants, among other things, require the University to establish and maintain reasonable fees, rates, and other charges to ensure pledged revenues are sufficient for debt service coverage; to maintain books and records pertaining to the pledged revenues; to furnish annual audits and other periodic reports that reflect the financial condition of the Borrower, the project, other pledged facilities, and other pledged assets; and to comply with certain restrictions as to additional indebtedness. The University is in compliance with all restrictive financial covenants as of September 30, 2011.

### Note 7 – Self-Insurance

The University participates with other campuses in the System in a self-insurance program for general liability risks. The Board established a separate revocable trust fund for payment of these self-insurance claims under its risk retention program. Annual contributions are made to the consolidated trust fund, at an actuarially determined rate, to provide funding for the retained risk. The accompanying statements of net assets include a reserve of \$230,232 and \$183,664 for general liability at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The University also maintains a self-insurance health plan. For the year ended September 30, 2011, the University paid \$20.00 and \$4.65 per month per health insurance contract for administrative charges and stop loss coverage, respectively. The accompanying statements of net assets include a self-insurance reserve of \$2,788,987 and \$1,791,510 for health insurance at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Annual contributions are made to the health plan, utilizing an actuarially determined rate, to provide funding for the reserve.

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,975,174	\$ 2,176,064
Claims paid	(7,299,238)	(8,211,200)
Contributions	8,343,283	8,010,310
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,019,219	\$ 1,975,174

The changes in the total reported self-insurance liabilities are summarized as follows:

# Note 8 – Retirement Plans

Most employees of the University participate in the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer public retirement system. In addition, certain employees meeting eligibility requirements participate in optional programs with the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA - CREF). TRS is a defined benefit plan while the TIAA - CREF programs are defined contribution plans.

The TRS was established as of September 1939 under the provisions of Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility of the general administration and operation of TRS is vested in its Board of Control.

Participants in TRS who retire at age 60 with 10 years of credited service, or after completing 25 years of credited service, regardless of age, are entitled to an annual benefit, payable monthly for life. Service retirement benefits are calculated by three methods with the participants receiving payments under the method which yields the highest monthly benefit. These methods include (1) minimum guaranteed, (2) money purchase, or (3) formula. Under the formula method, participants are allowed 2.0125% of their final average salary (average of three highest years of annual compensation during the last 10 years of service) for each year of service. A participant terminating before reaching retirement age, but after completing 10 years of credited service, is eligible for a vested allowance at age 60 provided accumulated employee contributions are not withdrawn. TRS also provides death and disability benefits.

Covered employees are required by statute to contribute to TRS. All regular employees of the University are members of TRS with the exception of temporary employees who, by definition, are those employees hired for a predetermined period of employment of less than one year and employees working less than one half of a regular schedule.

University contributions Employee contributions Total contributions	\$ 2011 11,109,253 4,448,201 15,557,454	\$ 2010 10,435,095 4,175,331 14,610,426
University contribution regular rate Employee contribution rate Employee contribution law enforcement rate	12.51% 5.00% 6.00%	12.51% 5.00% 6.00%

The following is a comparative presentation of contributions:

The 10-year historical trend information shows TRS's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and the significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the pension benefit obligation, including the discount rate, projected salary increases, and postretirement benefit increases presented in the September 30, 2010 annual financial report of the TRS. That report is publicly available and may be obtained by contacting the TRS Communication Department at 1-877-517-7000.

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL), which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The actuarial value of assets, which is the actuarial present value of assets, is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of accumulated assets, adjusted for projected investment performance and contributions. TRS does not make separate measurements of assets and the AAL for individual employers. The AAL at September 30, 2010 (the most recent valuation date) and September 30, 2009 for TRS as a whole, determined through actuarial valuations performed as of that date, were approximately as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial valuations of assets	\$ <b>2010</b> 28,299,523,000 20,132,779,000	\$ <b>2009</b> 27,537,400,000 20,582,348,000
Underfunded AAL	\$ (8,166,744,000)	\$ (6,955,052,000)

As previously noted, some employees participate in the optional TIAA-CREF programs, which are defined contribution plans. In defined contribution plans, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed plus investment earnings. All full time regular monthly exempt employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The University contributes a matching amount up to 5% of total salaries for participating employees. The University's contributions are funded as it accrues and, along with that of employees, is immediately and fully vested.

The contributions for fiscal years 2011 and 2010, excluding amounts from employees who are not eligible for matching, are summarized as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
University contributions	\$ 2,742,869	\$ 2,560,021
Employee contributions	 4,524,094	4,177,155
Total contributions	\$ 7,266,963	\$ 6,737,176

The University's total salaries and wages for fiscal years 2011 and 2010 are summarized in the table below:

\$ 96,105,428
\$ 83,807,517 \$ 54,609,262

## Note 9 – Other Post-Employment Benefits

The University offers postemployment health care benefits to all employees who officially retire from the University. Health care benefits are offered through the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust, or Public Education Employee Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP), with TRS or certain retired employees may elect to continue to participate in the University's group health plan until they are eligible for Medicare by paying the full cost of the plan premium. Retired employees age sixty-five or older who are eligible for Medicare is the primary insurer and the University's health care plan becomes the secondary insurer. Despite the availability of the University's plan, most retirees elect to participate in the PEEHIP with TRS, in which case the retirees pay a portion of the PEEHIP premium, with the University paying an allocation toward the cost of retiree coverage.

Certain retirees may also elect to continue their basic term life insurance coverage and accidental death and dismemberment insurance up to certain maximum amounts. The retirees pay the full amount of the premiums in such cases. Retirees are eligible for tuition assistance benefits for themselves as well as for their spouse and unmarried dependent children.

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 45), requires governmental entities to recognize and match other postretirement benefit costs with related services received and also to provide information regarding the actuarially calculated liability and funding level of the benefits associated with past services. GASB 45 does not have a material impact on the University's financial statements financial statements principally because most retirees elect to participate in the Statesponsored PEEHIP. PEEHIP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Public Education Employee Health Insurance Board. PEEHIP offers a basic hospital/medical plan that provides basic medical coverage for up to 365 days of care during each hospital confinement. The basic hospital/medical plan also provides for physicians' benefits, outpatient care, prescription drugs, and mental health benefits. Major medical benefits under the basic hospital/medical plan are subject to a lifetime contract maximum of \$1,000,000 for each covered individual. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8 provides the authority to set the contribution requirements for retirees and employers. The required rates of retirees are as follows as of September 30, 2011:

#### Retired Member Rates:

- Individual Coverage/Non-Medicare Eligible \$146.00
- Family Coverage/Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependents \$381.00
- Family Coverage/Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible \$245.00
- Individual Coverage/Medicare Eligible Retired Member \$10.00
- Family Coverage/Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependent(s) \$245.00
- Family Coverage/Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible \$109.00
- For employees that retire other than for disability, for each year under 25 years of service, the retiree pays two percent of the employer premium, and for each year over 25 years of service, the retiree premium is reduced by two percent of the employer premium
- Tobacco surcharge \$27.00 per month

The required contribution rate of the employer was \$420 per employee per month in the year ended September 30, 2011. The University paid \$1,691,340 and \$1,478,340 for 338 and 331 retirees for the year ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The required contribution rate is determined by PEEHIP in accordance with State statute. The complete financial report for PEEHIP can be obtained at the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan website <u>http://www.rsa-al.gov/PEEHIP/peehip.html</u> under the Trust Fund Statements tab.

## Note 10 – Compensated Absences

Certain University employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending upon their years of continuous service and payroll classification, subject to maximum limitations. Upon termination of employment, employees are paid all unused accrued vacation at their regular rate of pay up to a designated maximum number of days. The statement of net assets includes accruals of \$4,339,074 and \$3,881,132 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, for accrued vacation pay and salary-related payments associated with vacation pay. There is no such accrual recognized for sick leave benefits because no terminal cash benefit is available to employees for accumulated sick leave.

# Note 11 – Federal Direct Lending Program

The Federal Direct Student Loan Program ("FDSLP") was established under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended in the Student Loan Reform Act of 1993. The FDSLP enables an eligible student or parent to obtain a loan to pay for the student's cost of attendance directly through the University rather than through private lenders. The University began participation in the FDSLP on July 1, 1995. As a university qualified to originate loans, the University is responsible for handling the complete loan process, including funds management as well as promissory note functions. The University is not responsible for collection of these loans. For fiscal years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, the University disbursed \$30,049,987 and \$28,687,822 respectively, under the FDSLP.

# Note 12 – Contracts and Grants

At September 30, 2011, the University has been awarded approximately \$66.9 million in contracts and grants which have not been expended. These awards, which represent commitments of sponsors to provide funds for specific research, training, and service projects, have not been reflected in the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011 and 2010, the University received and expended federal funding under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA"), primarily in the form of sponsored research grants and State Fiscal Stabilization Funds, in the amount of \$6,081,178 and \$5,328,517, respectively.

#### Note 13 – Contingencies and Commitments

The University has sovereign immunity and is therefore, in the opinion of System Counsel, immune to ordinary tort actions. The University has consistently been dismissed from lawsuits on the basis of the sovereign immunity doctrine. That doctrine also protects the University from vicarious liability arising from the negligence of its employees. As a matter of policy, the University has chosen to indemnify its employees through a self-insured trust fund against liability arising from the performance of their official duties. There are some exceptions to the sovereign immunity doctrine, most notably federal court cases arising under the federal constitution or federal statutes. The University is engaged in various legal actions in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe the ultimate outcome of those actions will have a material adverse effect on the financial statements. However, the settlement of legal actions is subject to inherent uncertainties and it is possible that such outcomes could differ materially from management's current expectations.

#### Note 14 – Operating Expenses by Function

Operating expenses by functional classification for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 are summarized as follows:

			Year En	ded S	September	30,	2011	
	 Salaries		Supplies			So	cholarships	
	and	Fringe	and				and	
	 Wages	Benefits	Services	De	preciation	F	ellowships	Total
Instruction	\$ 32,890,203	\$ 11,220,130	\$ 8,678,262	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 52,788,595
Research	45,830,453	13,464,715	12,865,928		-		-	72,161,096
Public service	381,380	111,095	778,770		-		-	1,271,245
Academic support	5,028,037	1,608,194	4,342,876		-		-	10,979,107
Student services	5,013,992	1,632,318	5,642,665		-		-	12,288,975
Institutional support	8,452,965	3,565,251	4,656,499		-		-	16,674,715
Operations and maintenance of plant	3,674,958	1,419,372	2,569,368		-		-	7,663,698
Scholarships and fellowships	-	-	-		-		1,286,400	1,286,400
Auxiliary enterprises	1,066,520	269,758	3,164,317		-		-	4,500,595
Depreciation	-	-	-	1	2,207,389		-	12,207,389
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 102,338,508	\$ 33,290,833	\$ 42,698,685	\$ 1:	2,207,389	\$	1,286,400	\$ 191,821,815

			Year En	ded S	eptember	30, 2	2010	
	 Salaries		Supplies			Sc	holarships	
	and	Fringe	and				and	
	 Wages	Benefits	Services	Dep	reciation	Fe	ellowships	Total
Instruction	\$ 30,806,533	\$ 9,882,169	\$ 5,937,979	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 46,626,681
Research	43,307,821	12,525,411	15,144,260		-		-	70,977,492
Public service	156,441	28,878	306,779		-		-	492,098
Academic support	4,514,310	1,383,940	2,155,177		-		-	8,053,427
Student services	4,454,603	1,312,005	4,343,372		-		-	10,109,980
Institutional support	8,601,058	3,049,484	3,855,721		-		-	15,506,263
Operations and maintenance of plant	3,443,504	1,303,765	3,790,914		-		-	8,538,183
Scholarships and fellowships	-	-	-		-		981,010	981,010
Auxiliary enterprises	821,158	218,755	2,163,413		-		-	3,203,326
Depreciation	-	-	-	11	,177,617		-	11,177,617
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 96,105,428	\$ 29,704,407	\$ 37,697,615	\$ 11	,177,617	\$	981,010	\$ 175,666,077

#### Note 15 – Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The GASB issued Statement No. 59, *Financial Instruments Omnibus*, in June 2010. The objective of this Statement is to update and improve existing standards regarding financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments (e.g. derivatives) and external investment pools. The University does not hold derivatives, and the System Pools are internal investment pools. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. This Statement did not have a material impact on the University's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, in November 2010. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Managements Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements. This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. This Statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (that is, blending) in certain circumstances. Also, additional reporting guidance is provided for blending a component unit if the primary government is a business-type activity that uses a single column presentation for financial reporting. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. The University is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on the University's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, in December 2010. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and AICPA Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. This Statement also supersedes GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, thereby eliminating the election provided in paragraph 7 of that Statement for enterprise funds and businesstype activities to apply post-November 30, 1989 FASB Statements and Interpretations that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. However, those entities can continue to apply, as other accounting literature, post-November 30, 1989 FASB pronouncements that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, including this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The University is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that this Statement will have on its financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* ("GASB 63"), in June 2011. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, *Elements of Financial Statements*, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB 63 also renames the measure "net assets" to be "net position". The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The University is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that GASB 63 will have on its financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53* ("GASB 64"), in June 2011. The objective of this Statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or swap counterparty's credit support provider. This Statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. Since the University does not hold any derivative instruments, GASB 64 will not have an impact on its financial statements.

# Note 16 – Discretely Presented Component Unit-University of Alabama Huntsville Foundation

**Basis of Accounting-** The financial statements of UAHF have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Basis of Presentation-** Net assets and revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed stipulations. Accordingly, net assets of UAHF and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Unrestricted- Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.
- **Temporarily Restricted** Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met either by actions of UAHF and/or the passage of time.

• **Permanently Restricted**- Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations to be maintained permanently by UAHF. Generally, the donors of these assets restrict UAHF to use all or a part of the income earned on the related investments for specific purposes.

Unrealized and realized gains and losses and dividends and interest from investing in income-producing assets may be included in any of these net asset classifications depending on donor-imposed stipulations.

In accordance with ASC 958-320, *Not-for-Profit Entities*, investments in debt securities and investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values are reported at their fair values based on published market prices. Other investments, including real estate, are stated at cost or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Changes in fair values are reported as unrealized gains or losses in the statement of activities and changes in net assets. All interest income and realized gains and losses are reported in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

**Investments** – The cost and reported value of investments at September 30, 2011 and 2010 are presented below:

		2011				<u>2010</u>		
	Repo	orted Value		Cost	Repo	orted Value		Cost
Certificates of deposit	\$	92,286	\$	92,286	\$	92,286	\$	92,286
Pooled Endowment Fund		31,229,872	3	3,562,486		31,285,213	3	1,917,606
Marketable debt securities		318,949		314,203		368,144		354,892
Marketable equity securities		1,167,723		1,220,848		1,286,933		1,161,779
Mutual funds		752,579		806,252		775,095		781,090
Total	\$	33,561,409	\$3	5,996,075	\$	33,807,671	\$3	4,307,653

UAHF invests certain amounts in a commingled investment pool ("Pooled Endowment Fund") sponsored by The University of Alabama System (the "System"). The value recognized for the investment pool is determined by the System and is based on UAHF's proportionate share of the net asset value of the investment pool. The System has no variance power over the funds. Instead, the funds are distributed by the System to the Foundation upon its request. The investment pool invests in various investment securities, including both marketable and non-marketable securities. Marketable investment securities held by the investment pool are carried at fair value. The investment pool reports certain investments which do not have readily determinable fair values at cost. The portion of UAHF's investment in the Pooled Endowment Fund, presented above, which is reported at cost, is \$3,818,626 and \$3,371,923 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The remainder of the investment in the Pooled Endowment Fund is reported at fair value.

Investment in Unconsolidated Entities and Trust Receivable - UAHF is one of several beneficiaries of a trust established upon the death in 1974 of one of the University's benefactors. The sole assets of the trust consist of ownership interests in two closely-held businesses in Huntsville Alabama, Big Springs, Inc. ("Big Springs") and Chambers Bottling Company, LLC ("Chambers"). The trust holds a 70% interest in the common stock of Big Springs and a 65% interest in Chambers. The trust was established with both lead and remainder beneficiaries. The lead interest in the trust (that is, the rights to the income generated by the trust assets) is divided equally among three sets of beneficiaries who hold a lifetime interest in those rights. As each lead interest terminates, a proportionate amount of the underlying assets in the trust is distributed among two residual beneficiaries, UAHF and another unrelated charitable organization. UAHF's share of the residual interest of the trust assets is 90 percent. UAHF accounts for its residual interest in the trust as an unconditional promise to give noncash assets, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for situations where a donee has the eventual right to noncash assets held by a charitable trust but not the cash flows generated by them while they are held by the trust. UAHF recorded this interest at fair value as of the date it was awarded in 1974, and currently carries this interest in the Trust receivable line on UAHF's accompanying Statements of Financial Position.

During 2008, one of the income interests terminated, and a pro-rata distribution of the ownership interests held by the trust were transferred to UAHF. As a result of the satisfaction of a pro-rata share of the pledge, UAHF recognized a gain of \$4,375,835 representing the increase in fair value of the noncash assets between the date the assets were promised in 1974 and their values upon actual receipt in 2008. As a result of the receipt of these equity interests, UAHF currently holds approximately 21% and 19.5% of Big Springs and Chambers, respectively. These equity interests allow UAHF to exercise significant influence over Big Springs and Chambers, and accordingly, UAHF accounts for these interests in under the equity method of accounting. During the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, UAHF recorded its proportionate share of earnings of each company (on a combined basis) of \$690,802 and \$520,262, respectively. In addition, UAHF received distributions from Chambers of \$600,210 and \$486,329 in 2011 and 2010, respectively. Big Springs did not make any distributions in either 2011 or 2010.

Eventually, all of the assets in the trust will be distributed upon the termination of the remaining lead interests, and the trust will terminate. At such time, UAHF will hold controlling interests of 63% and 58.5% in Big Springs and Chambers, respectively, and will consolidate these entities. UAHF will account for these interests under the equity method until the last lead interest is terminated, including after the termination of the second lead interest.

The following summarizes the combined results of operations of Big Springs and Chambers (on a 100% basis):

	2011	2010
Net sales	\$ 70,015,916	\$ 68,688,045
Operating expenses	12,951,207	12,796,338
Net income	3,498,252	2,888,276

# UAHuntsville

Endowments-The Alabama Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) was enacted by the State Legislature and signed into law effective January 1, 2009. UPMIFA prescribes new guidelines for the expenditure of a donor-restricted endowment funds in the absence of overriding, explicit donor stipulations. Its predecessor, UMIFA, focused on the prudent spending of the net appreciation of the fund. UPMIFA instead focuses on the entirety of a donor-restricted endowment fund, that is, both the original gift amount(s) and net appreciation. UPMIFA eliminates UMIFA's historic-dollar-value threshold, an amount below which an organization could not spend from the fund, in favor of a more robust set of guidelines about what constitutes prudent spending, explicitly requiring consideration of the duration and preservation of the fund. UAHF adopted guidance provided by the FASB relevant to endowments of not-for-profit organization and the related net asset classification of endowment funds subject to an enacted version of UPMIFA and enhanced disclosures for all endowment funds. The impact of this guidance on the classification of net assets for UAHF was not material to UAHF and is disclosed in UAHF's financial statements. The earnings distributions are appropriated for expenditure by the governing Boards of Trustees of UAHF in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In order to conform to the standards for prudent fiduciary management of investments, UAHF's Board of Trustees has adopted endowment investment and spending policies that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets.

**Restricted Net Assets** – Restricted net assets are classified as either temporarily restricted net assets and available for the following purposes, or permanently restricted net assets, which are restricted to investment in perpetuity, the income from which is expendable for the following purposes at September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	Temporaril	y Res	stricted	Permanently Restricted						
	2011		2010	2011		2010				
Student support	\$ 3,132,388	\$	3,537,993	\$ 9,966,741	\$	9,747,731				
Faculty support	1,594,739		1,758,692	5,932,992		3,863,455				
Academic support	1,504,092		765,182	3,311,293		3,646,604				
Facilities renovation	118,948		-	-		-				
Research	87,338		4,000	-		-				
Library	45,768		44,210	50,428		50,428				
Total	\$ 6,483,273	\$	6,110,077	\$ 19,261,454	\$	17,308,218				

### Note 17-Segment Information

The University constructed Southeast Housing and issued bonds in 1980 and 1982. The bonds were payable from revenues received by the University for the use and occupancy of the facility. Condensed financial information of the University's segment for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, is as follows:

		Condensed Ba	lance	Sheets			
	Dorm Revenue Bonds 1980 2011 2010				Dorm Revenu 2011	e Bonds 1981 <b>2010</b>	
Assets							
Current assets	\$	403,374	\$	314,001	\$ 154,891	\$	251,842
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation		925,782		1,034,362	 1,237,196		1,367,32
Total assets	\$	1,329,156	\$	1,348,363	\$ 1,392,087	\$	1,619,16
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	\$	86,009	\$	81,884	\$ 358,749	\$	99,22
Noncurrent liabilities		680,000		755,000	1,043,344		1,112,12
Total liabilities	\$	766,009	\$	836,884	\$ 1,402,093	\$	1,211,34
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt Restricted		170,782		209,362	286,196		331,32
Expendable		112,000		92,000	280,000		280,00
Unrestricted		280,365		210,117	 (576,202)		(203,50
Total net assets		563,147		511,479	 (10,006)		407,82
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,329,156	\$	1,348,363	\$ 1,392,087	\$	1,619,16

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

	Dorm Revenu 2011	ds 1980 <b>2010</b>	Dorm Revenue Bonds 1981 2011 2010				
Operating revenues Operating expenses Depreciation expense	\$ 606,549 (440,572) (108,580)	\$	586,914 (444,042) (108,580)	\$	483,515 (739,870) (130,129)	\$	547,922 (564,621) (130,129)
Operating income (loss)	57,397		34,292		(386,484)		(146,830)
Nonoperating expenses	 (5,729)		(7,825)		(31,342)		(33,805)
Changes in net assets	51,668		26,467		(417,826)		(180,635)
Net assets, beginning of year	 511,479		485,012		407,820		588,455
Net assets, end of year	\$ 563,147	\$	511,479	\$	(10,006)	\$	407,820

#### Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Dorm Revenue 2011			e Bonds 1980 <u>2010</u>		Dorm Revenu <u>2011</u>		ue Bonds 1981 <u>2010</u>	
Cash flows from Operating activities Capital and related financing activities Investing activities	\$	185,101 (95,728)	\$	161,996 (97,828)	\$	19,392 (116,359) 16	\$	(22,307) (113,813)	
Net decrease in cash Cash, beginning of year		- 89,373 134,808		64,170 70,638		(96,951) 96,951		(136,112) 233,063	
Cash, end of year	\$	224,181	\$	134,808	\$		\$	96,951	

#### Note 18 - Legal Settlement

In July 2006, Nektar Therapeutics (Nektar) and the University announced the settlement of the University's litigation against Nektar and Dr. Milton Harris, in exchange for a total cash payment of \$25,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement, Nektar and Dr. Harris jointly made an upfront payment totaling \$15,000,000 to the University during fiscal year 2006 with remaining payments due through 2016. Included in the statements of net assets is the net present value of the remaining payments owed to the University of \$4,312,772 and \$4,910,379 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

# THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA

#### The Honorable Robert Bentley

Governor of the State of Alabama President *ex officio*  Larry E. Craven, J.D. Interim State Superintendent of Education *ex officio* 

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Tanya K. Smith Associate Director, Accounting & Financial Reporting

Charles A. Burns Assistant Director, Accounting & Financial Reporting

Betty M. Eley Senior Accountant

Brandy L. Nicholson Senior Accountant

Alicia B. Glenn Senior Accountant

Jeremy D. Holden Accountant II

Amanda Jones Accountant I

Patricia D. Ewert Manager, Accounts Payable

Valarie L. King Director, Contracts & Grants Accounting

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